



# Atmospheric Composition Measurements from EUMETSAT's Current and Future Satellites



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European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT)

# Outline

- Introduction
- EUMETSAT satellite and programmes
- Current EUMETSAT Missions
- Future EUMETSAT Missions
- Summary and Conclusion

# Providing data for operational meteorology and climate monitoring

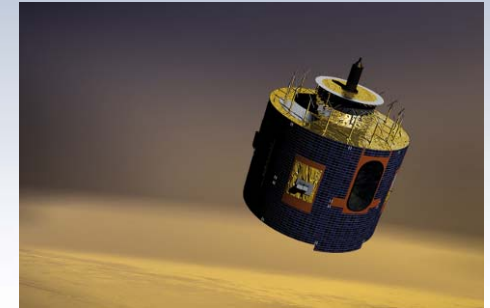
## Past and Current Satellites and Programmes:

- Meteosat: since 1977, second generation since 2002
- EPS/Metop: since 2006
- Jason-2: since 2008, continuing Jason-1 and TOPEX Poseidon

## Future Satellites and Programmes:

- MTG: from 2015 (imaging platform) and 2018 (sounding platform carrying Sentinel 4)
- Post-EPS: from 2020, carrying Sentinel 5

[www.eumetsat.int/Home/Main/Access\\_to\\_Data/index.htm?l=en](http://www.eumetsat.int/Home/Main/Access_to_Data/index.htm?l=en)





## Current EUMETSAT Missions

Meteosat Second Generation (MSG)

*SEVIRI*

EUMETSAT Polar System (EPS/Metop)

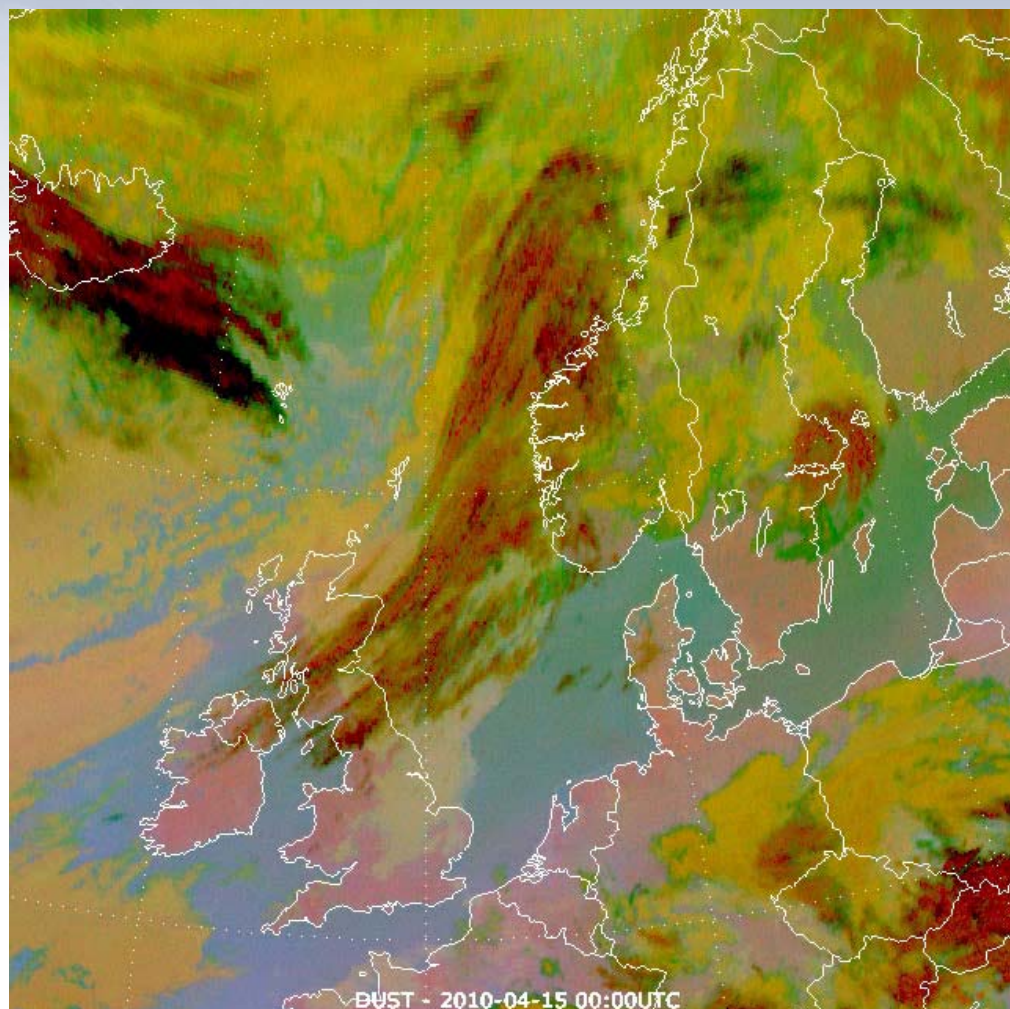
*GOME-2*

*IASI*





# MSG Image Products



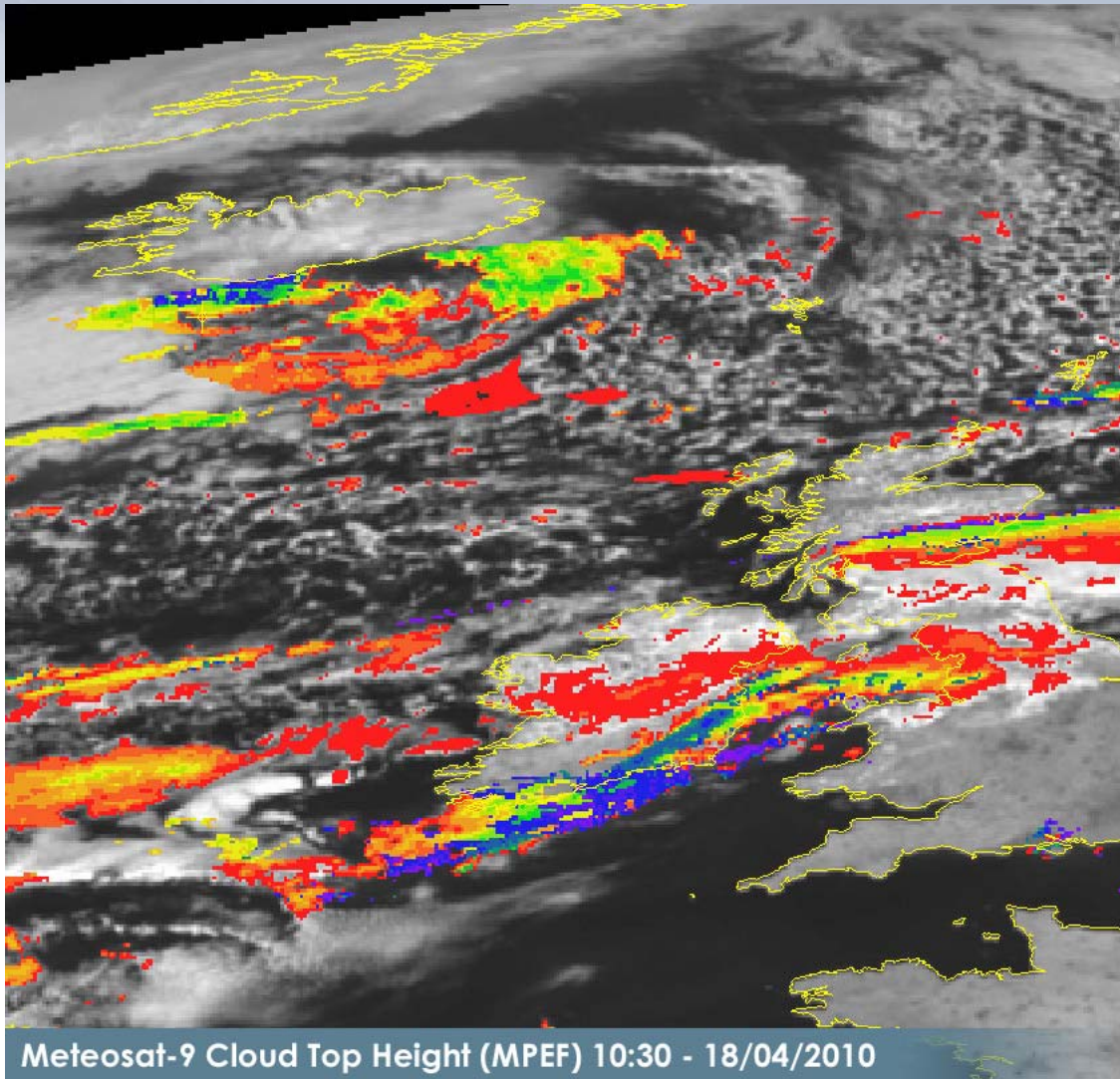
Eruption of Icelandic volcano Eyjafjallajökull beginning in the early morning hours of 13 April 2010

Dust RGB

Spatial sampling distance 3 km

Temporal resolution 15minutes

# MSG Cloud Information



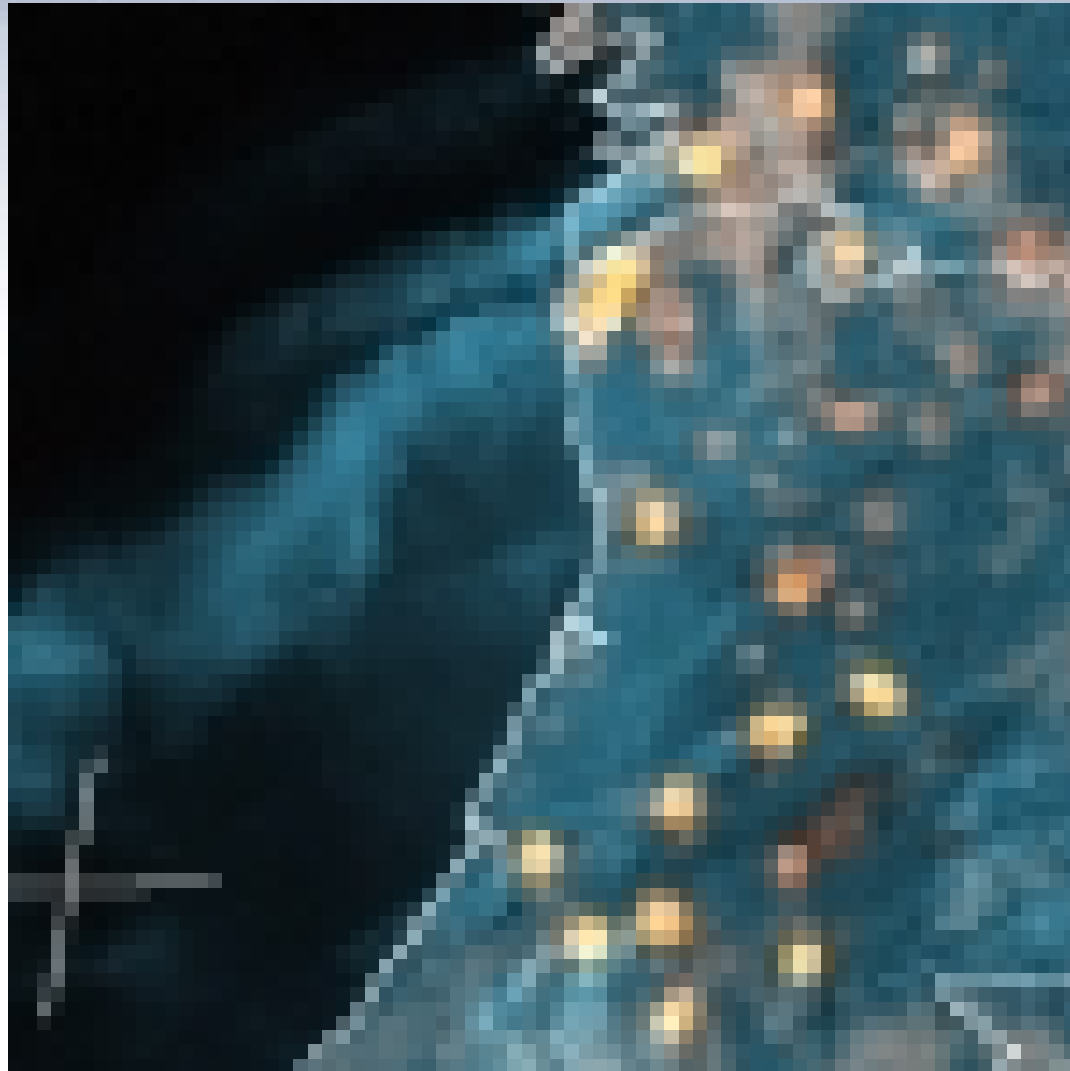
CLA – Cloud Analysis  
Cloud coverage, type,  
temperature & height  
(16x16 pixels derived from an  
intermediate product at full  
resolution)

CLAI – Cloud Analysis Image  
A compressed version of  
intermediate CLA (3x3 pixels)  
and disseminated every 3  
hours

CLM – Cloud Mask  
(3x3 pixels)

CTH – Cloud Top Height  
Graphical representation of  
cloud height in eight classes

# MSG Fire Information

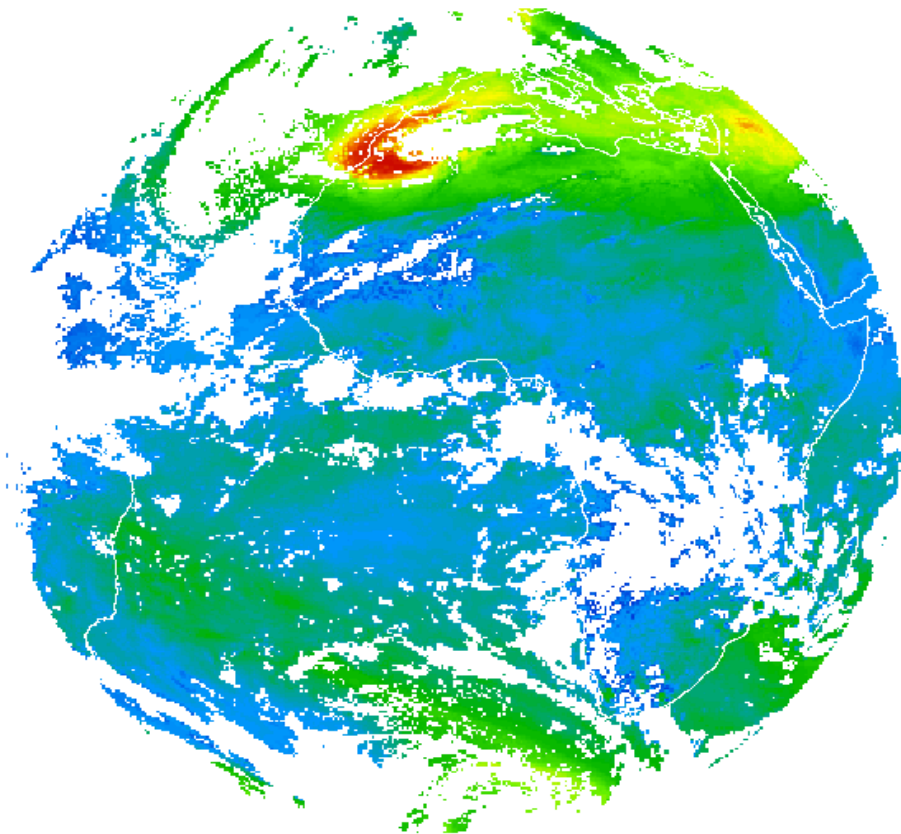


FIR – Active Fire Monitoring  
Image based product in full  
resolution (3x3 km) that displays  
presence of fire within a pixel

FRP – Fire Radiative Power  
provides information (in megawatts)  
on the measured radiant heat output  
of detected fire (3x3 km)

FRE – Fire Radiative Energy  
An integral of the FRP over the  
duration of the fire

# MSG Ozone Information



TOZ – Total column Ozone  
Produced hourly at 16x16 pixel  
resolution

Climatology prescribed 30hPa and  
TOA

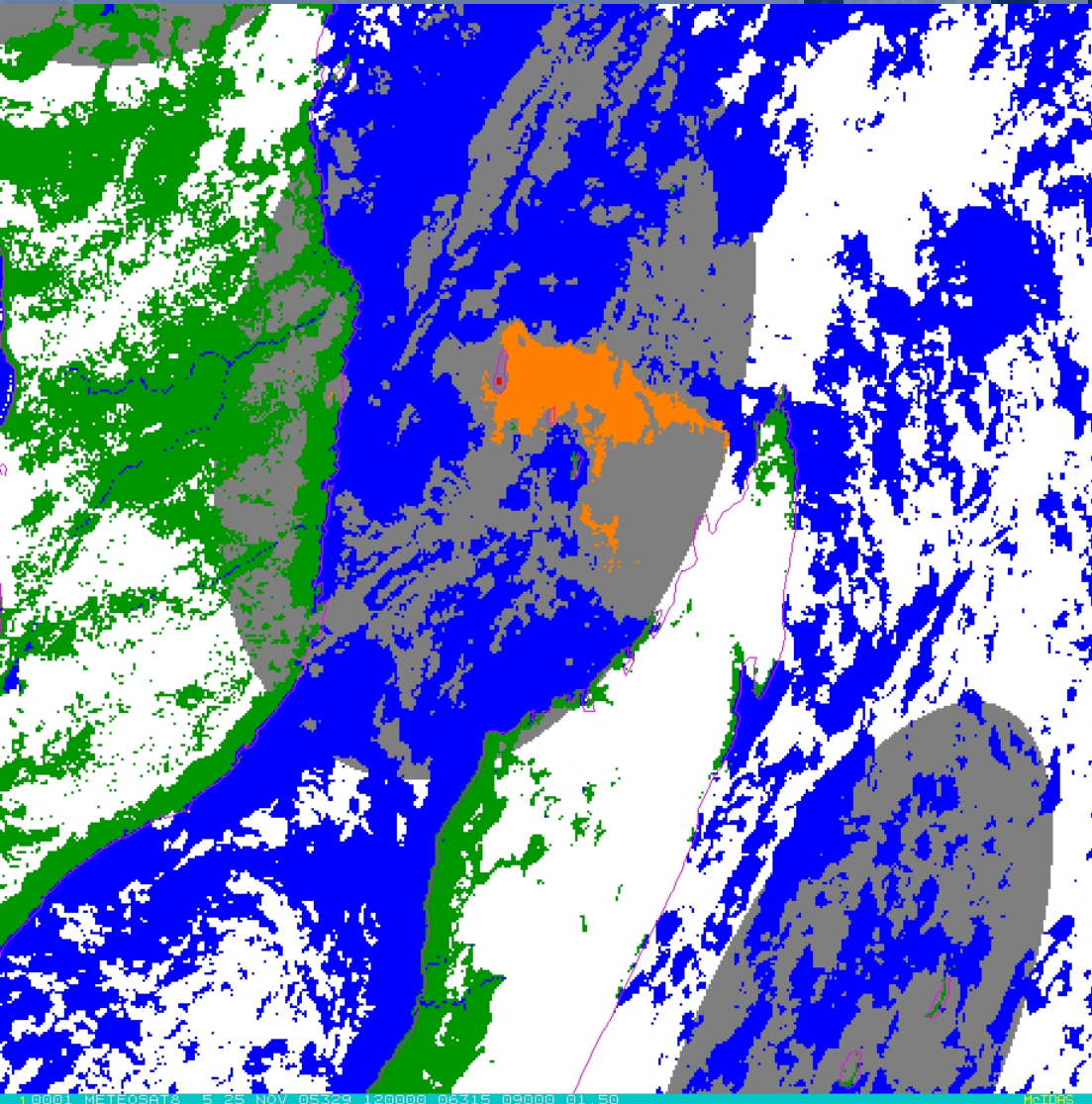
Improvements to the algorithm in  
development

[BRIT]150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 550 600

17 JANUARY 2006 TOZ RETRIEVAL (FOR 40 DEG ANALYSIS SHIFT)



# MSG Volcanic Ash



VOL –Volcanic Ash Detection Product  
An image-based product in full pixel resolution that displays information on the presence of volcanic ash within a cloudy pixel

Karthala eruption on November 25, 2005

Volcanic Ash Flag also produced by the NWC-SAF

SO<sub>2</sub> products under development



# MSG Aerosol Optical Depth

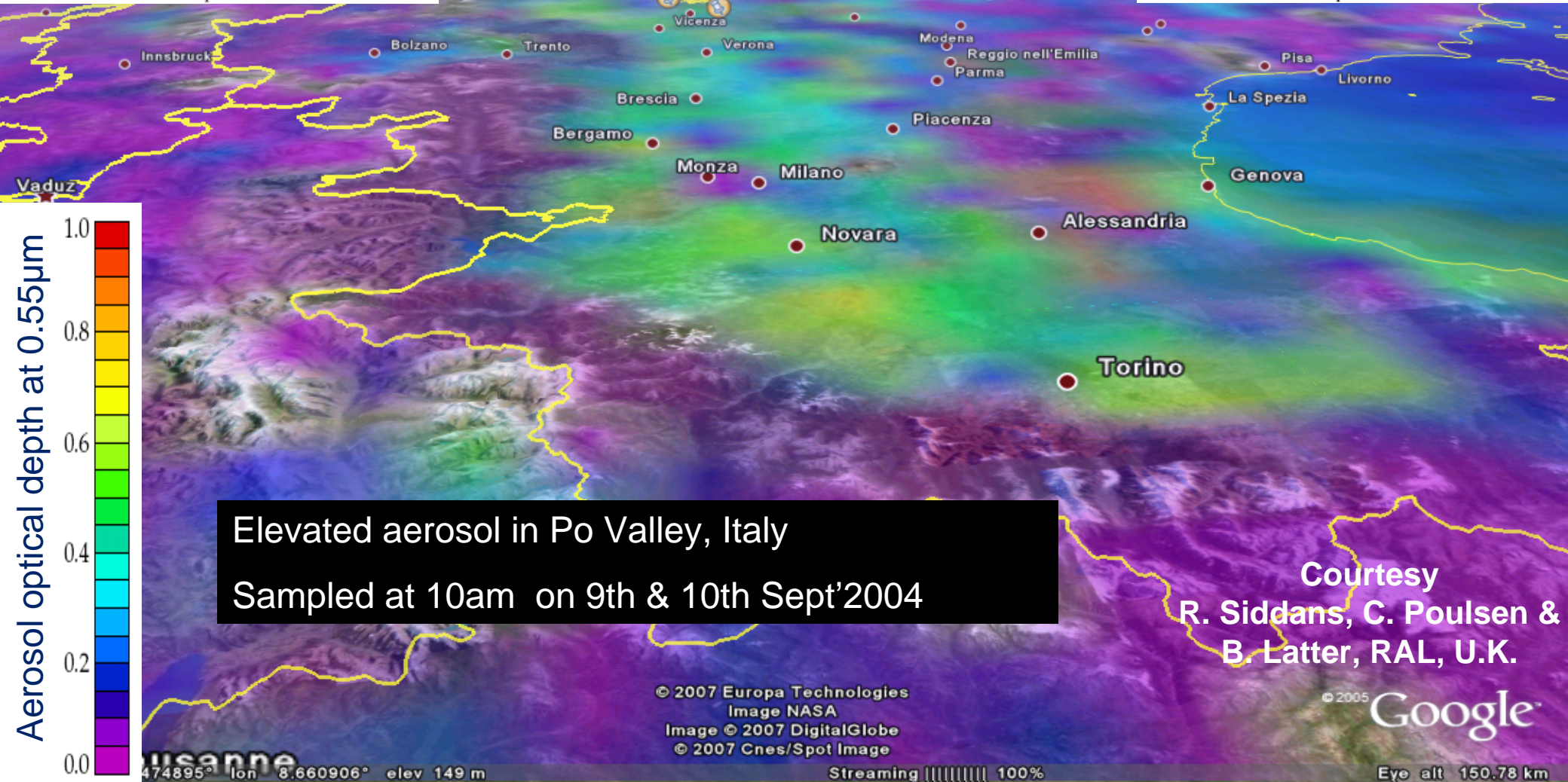
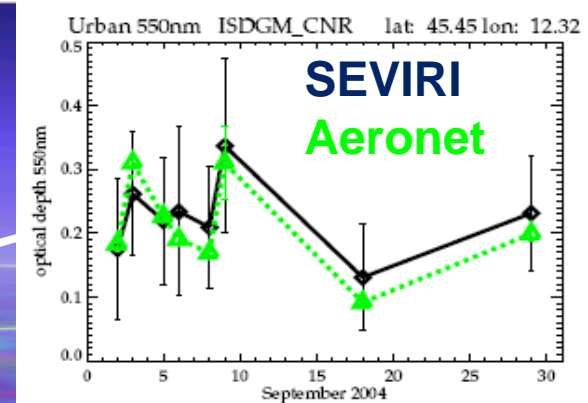
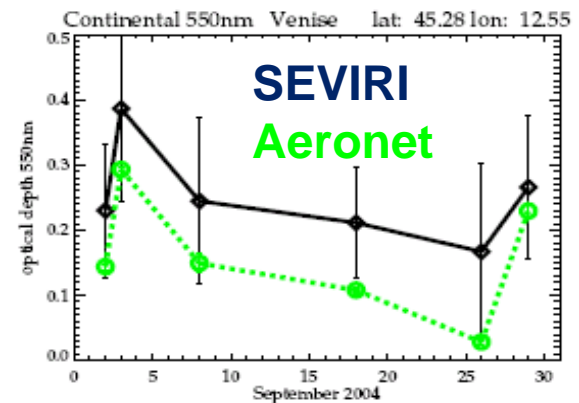
## Aerosol Optical Depth Over Sea

- implementation and validation completed
- CPU currently a limiting factor – upgrades to hardware underway
- operational dissemination expected in Q3 2010
- currently a daily product on 3x3 pixel resolution available from the archive

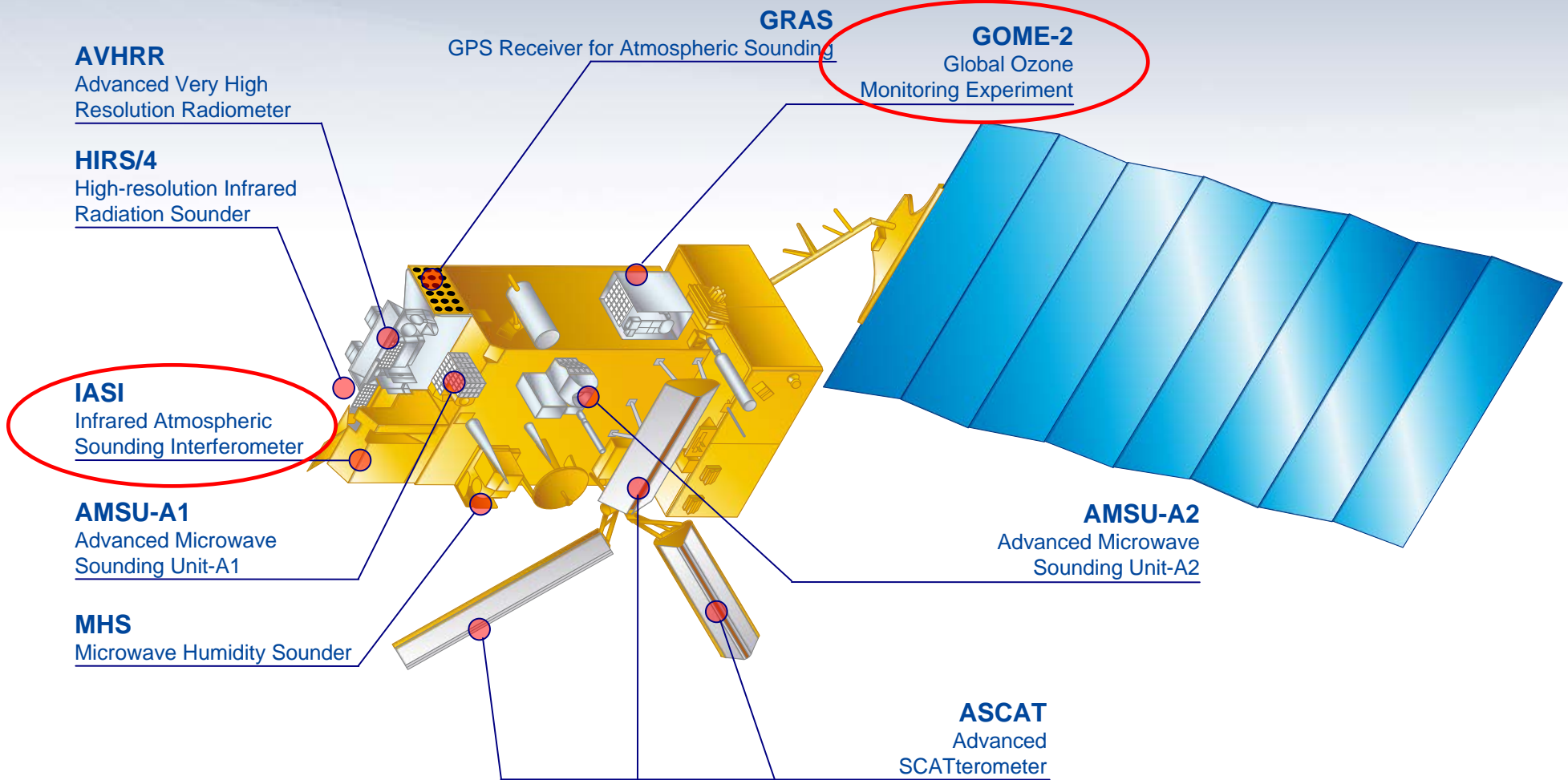
## Aerosol Optical Depth Over Land (LDA – Land Daily Aerosol)

- will be first introduced in a reprocessing environment to generate a three year data set (2004 – 2007) with the focus on 2004
- optimal estimation algorithm

Govaerts, Y. M., S. Wagner, A. Lattanzio, and P. Watts (2010) "Joint retrieval of surface reflectance and aerosol optical depth from MSG/SEVIRI observations with an optimal estimation approach: 1. Theory", *J. Geophys. Res.*, 115, D02203, doi:10.1029/2009JD011779



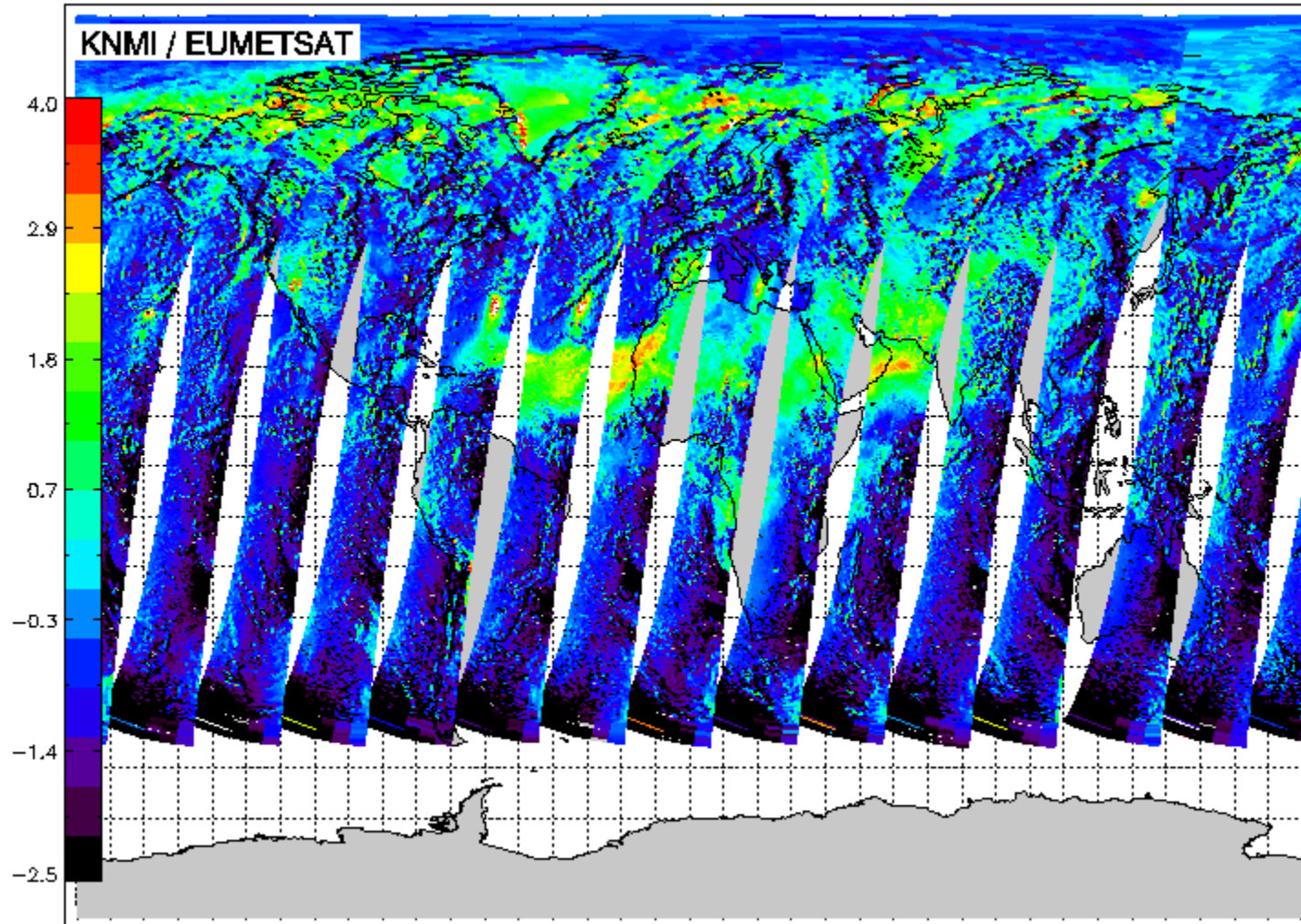
# EUMETSAT Polar System





# O3MSAF GOME-2 Aerosol Products (KNMI)

2008-06-23 AAI



- Benefits applications related to Pollution & Air Quality and Composition-Climate Interaction
- Status operational
- Aerosol Optical Depth product under development

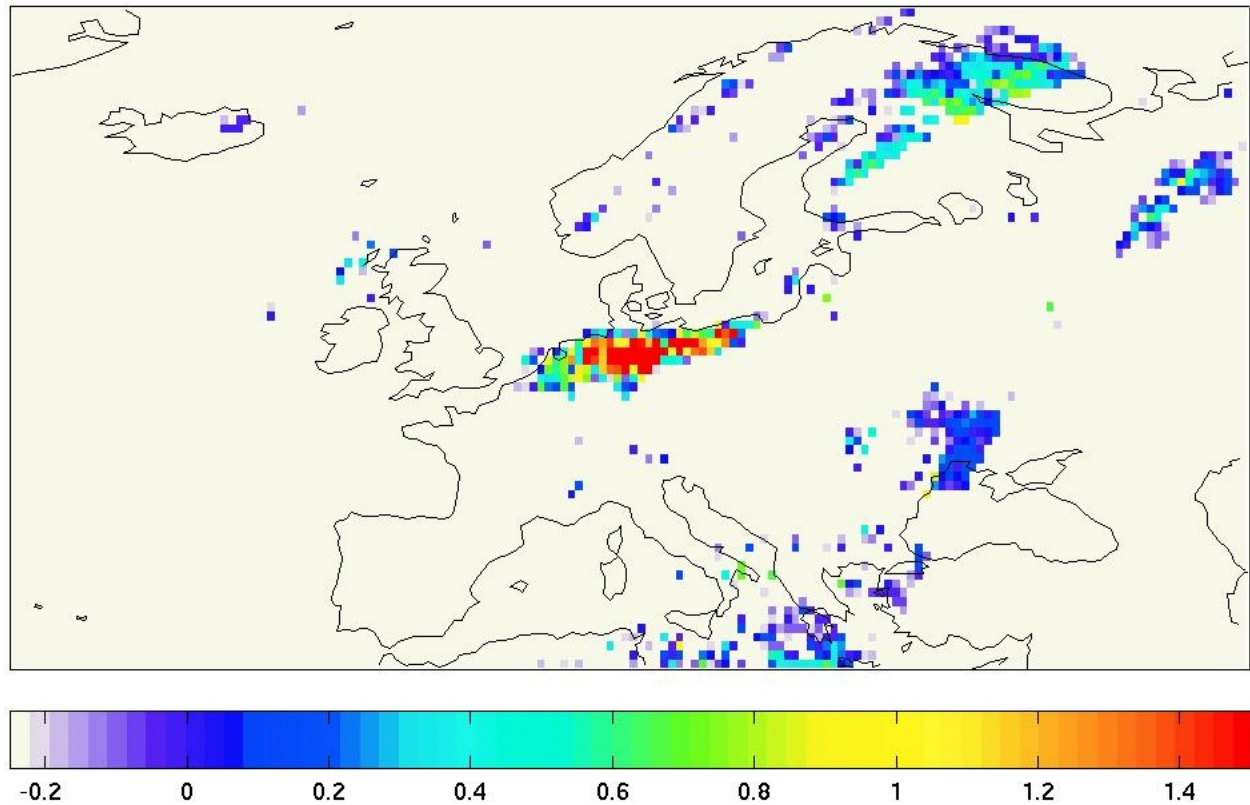
Dust storm event over the Atlantic Ocean as seen by GOME-2 20–23 June 2008  
Courtesy O. Tuinder

# O3MSAF GOME-2 AAI (KNMI)

Eruption of Eyjafjallajökull – April 2010

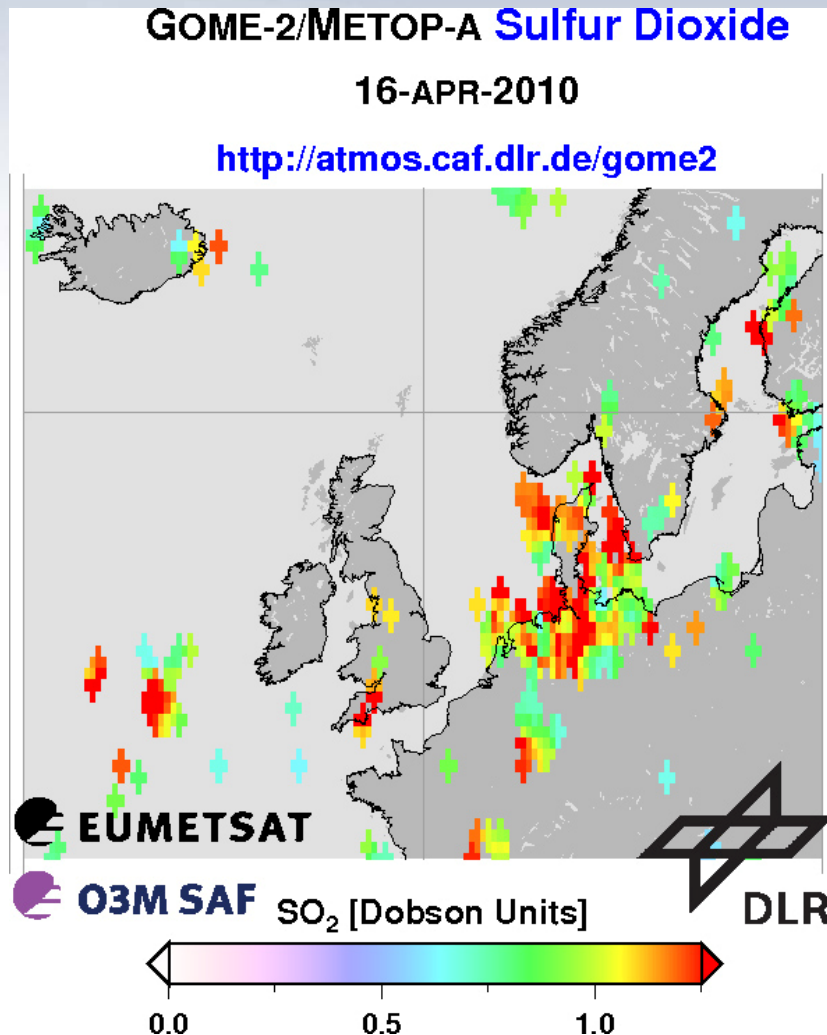
- Benefits applications related to Pollution & Air Quality (Aviation Forecasting)
- Status operational

O3MSAF / EUMETSAT Metop-A/GOME-2 Aerosol Absorbing Index 16 April 2010

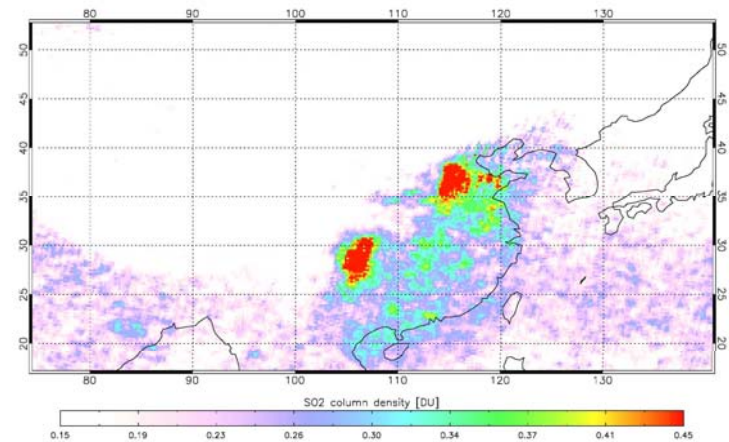


# O3MSAF GOME-2 SO2 (DLR)

Eruption of Eyjafjallajökull – April 2010

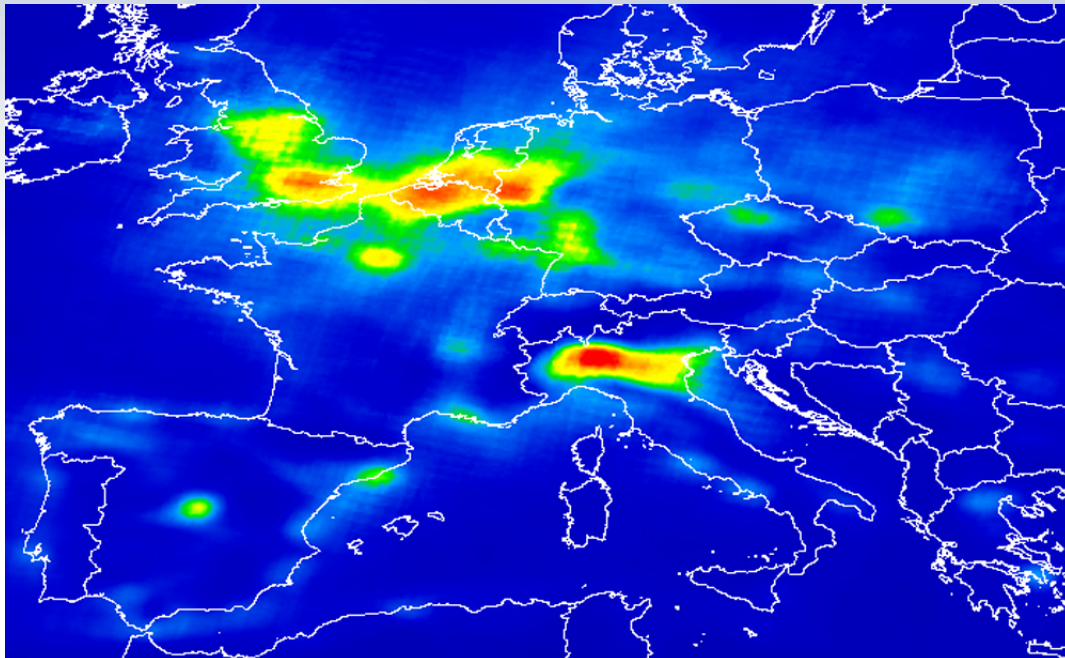


SO<sub>2</sub> over China – November 2007



- Benefits applications related to Pollution & Air Quality (Aviation Forecasting)
- Level 3 and 4 products available from [www.wdc.dlr.de](http://www.wdc.dlr.de)
- Status operational

# O3MSAF GOME-2 Total Column & Tropospheric NO2 (DLR)



- Benefits applications related to Pollution & Air Quality
- Available via EUMETCast and EUM archive
- Level 3 and 4 products available from [www.wdc.dlr.de](http://www.wdc.dlr.de)
- Status operational

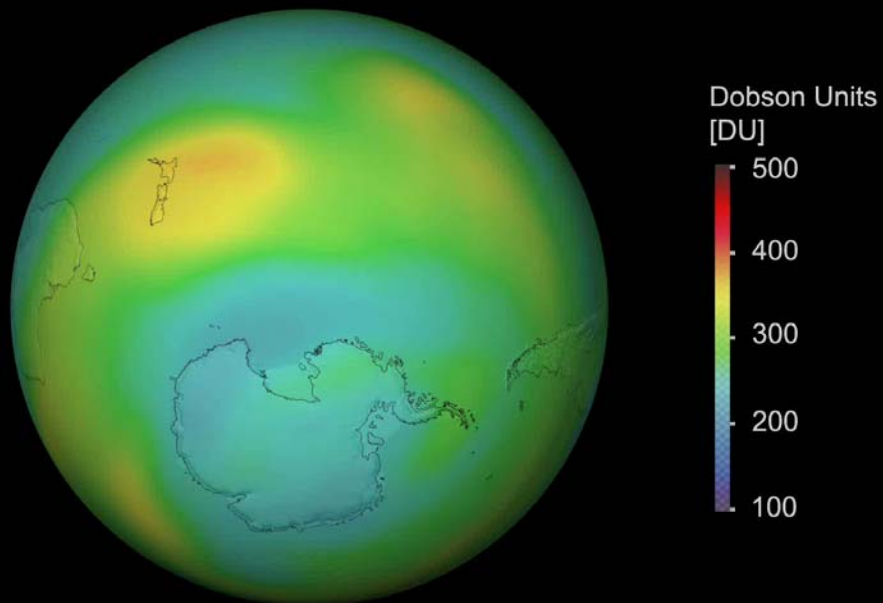


Tropospheric NO2 over Europe



# O3MSAF GOME-2 Total Column Ozone (DLR)

GOME-2 / MetOp  
ANALYSED TOTAL  
OZONE COLUMN



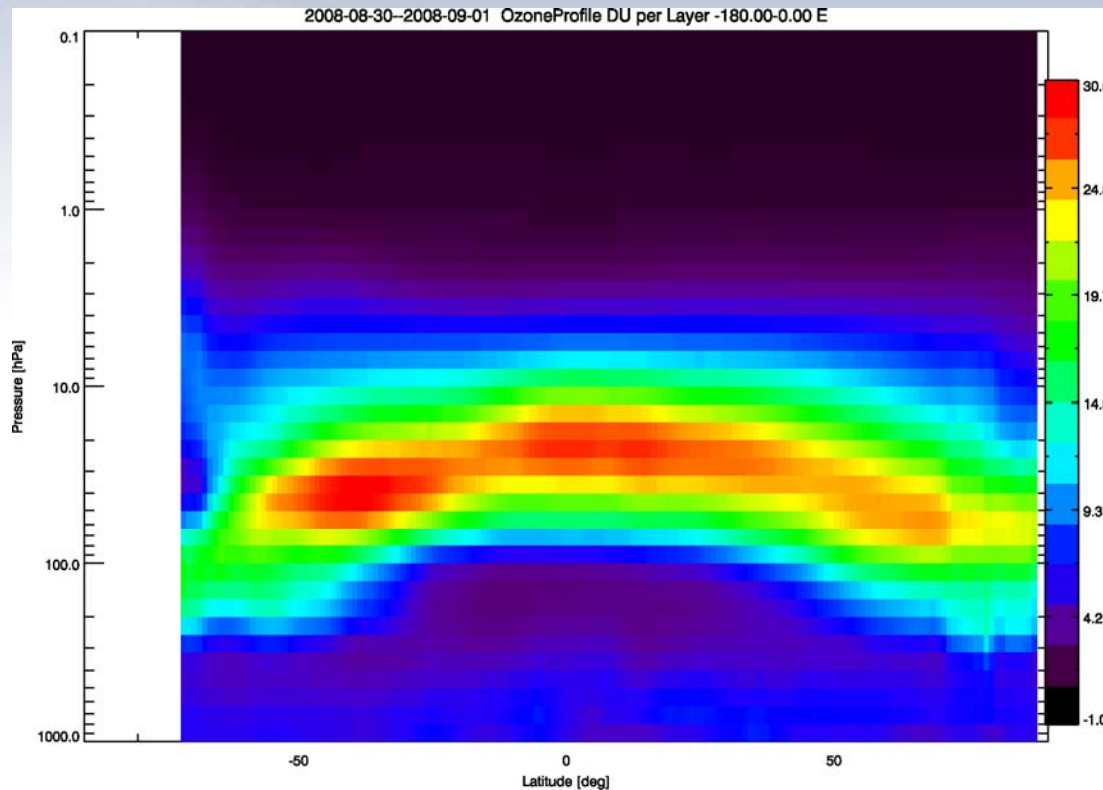
AUG-15 -2008

<http://wdc.dlr.de>



- Benefits applications related to Ozone Layer and Surface UV & Chemistry – Climate Interaction
- Available via EUMETCast and EUM archive
- Level 3 and 4 products available from [www.wdc.dlr.de](http://www.wdc.dlr.de)
- Status operational
- Quality very good – within  $\pm$  approx. 2-3% of ground-based data

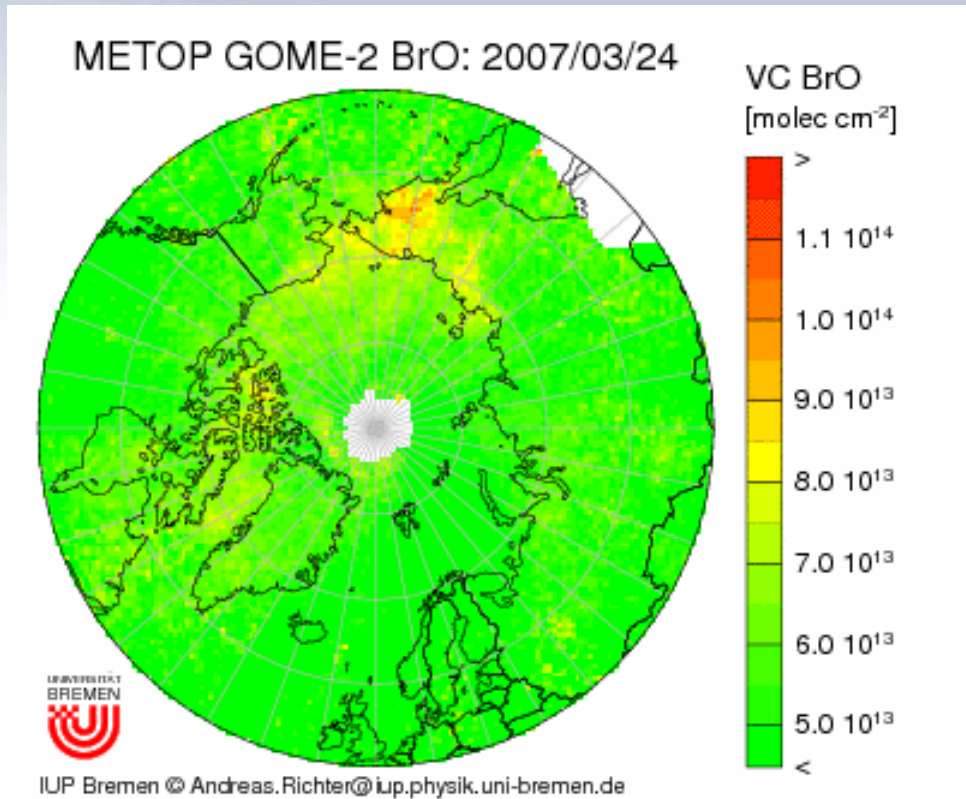
# O3MSAF GOME-2 Ozone Profile (KNMI)



Latitudinal cross section of ozone profiles,  
averaged over 180W to 0.0E - 31 August 2008

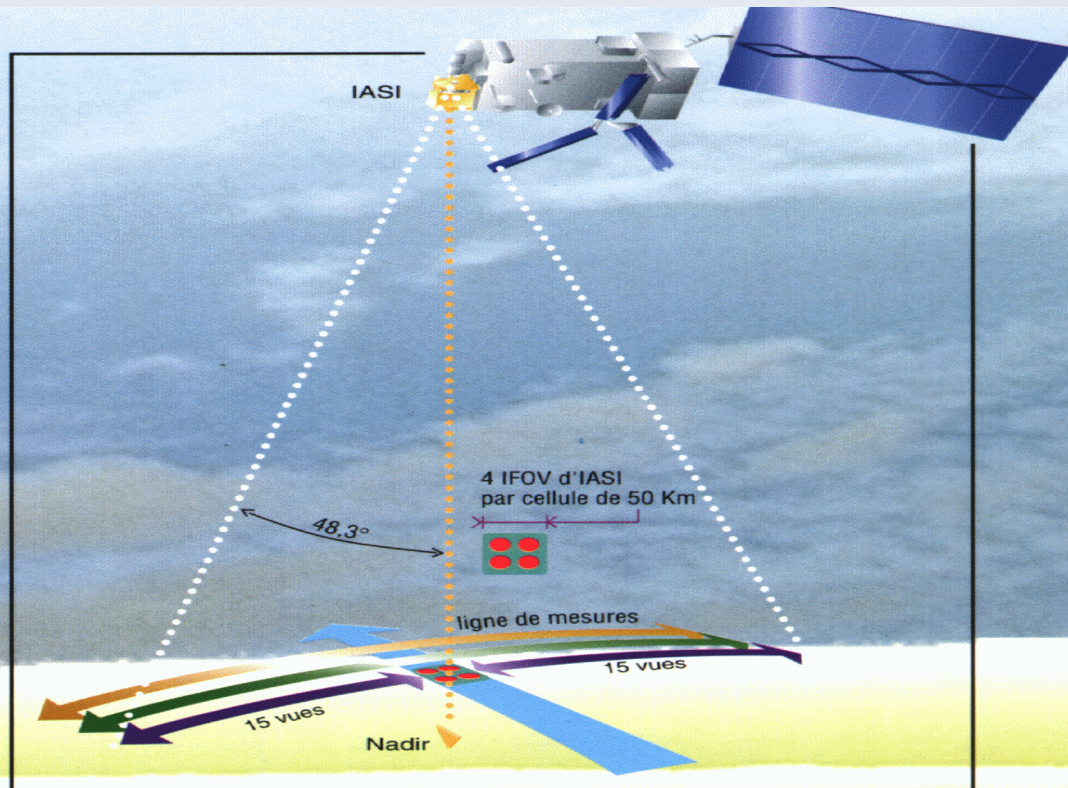
- Benefits applications related to Ozone Layer and Surface UV & Chemistry – Climate Interaction
- Available via EUMETCast and EUM archive
- Status operational

# O3MSAF Offline Products & GOME-2 Scientific Products



- O3MSAF Offline Total Column products (DLR) under development include total column BrO, HCHO, OCIO .....
- Offline products when pre-operational available from [o3msaf.fmi.fi](http://o3msaf.fmi.fi) or the UMARF
- Products also developed within the scientific community
- Availability varies per institute

# IASI Mission and Measurements



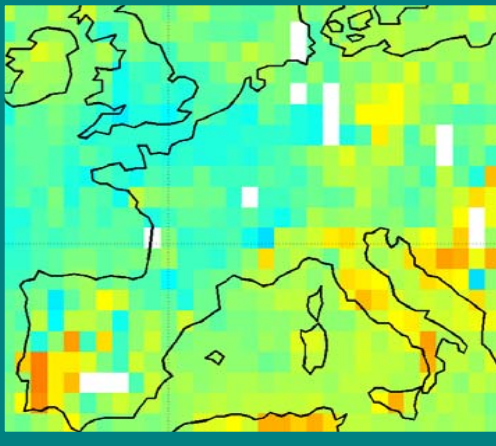
## Mission

Primary mission objective → temperature and humidity profiles with improved accuracy and vertical resolution (1K and 10% @ 1 km vertical resolution, respectively)

Further mission objectives are related to the measurement of **trace gases (ozone, methane, carbon monoxide, ...)** as well as surface and cloud properties

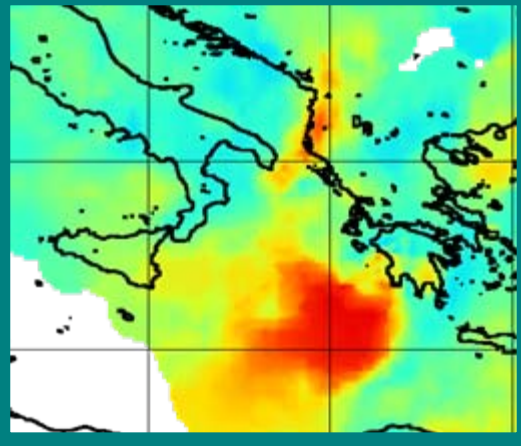
# IASI – Operational applications

## Pollution forecast



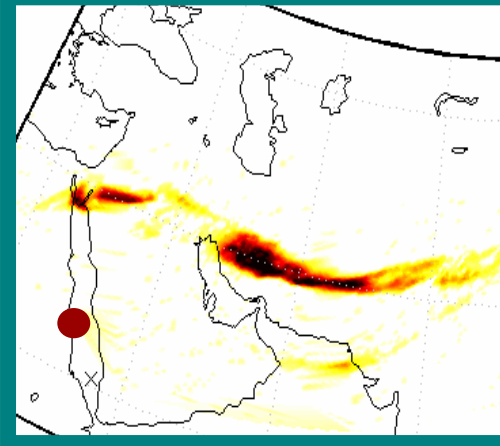
Ozone peaks  
Courtesy C. Clerbaux (CNRS)

## Fire detection



Long-range pollution

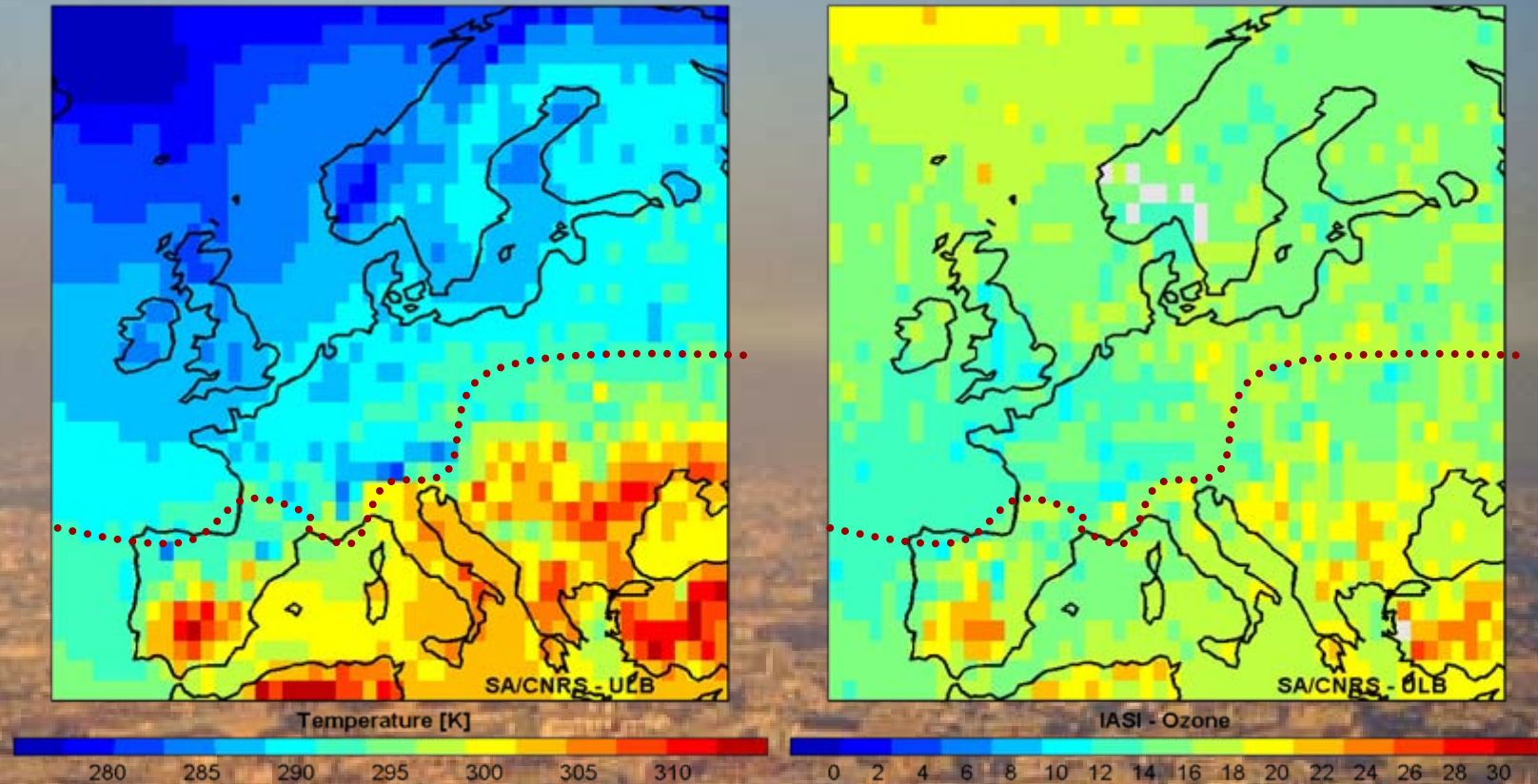
## Volcanic plumes



Aviation threat

# Ozone ( $O_3$ ) - Pollution Peaks, South of Europe, 22-26 July 2007

Courtesy A. Boynard/C. Clerbaux (CNRS)



ECMWF Temperature Data

IASI data: Ozone 0-6 km



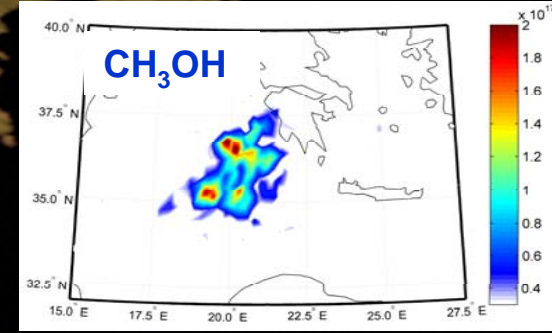
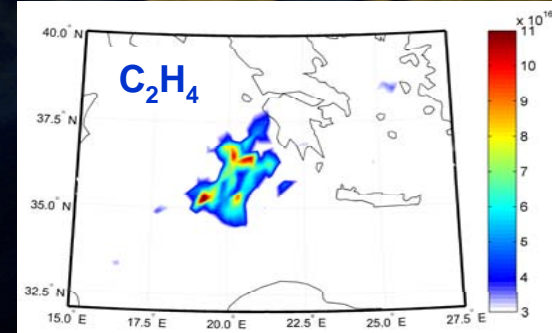
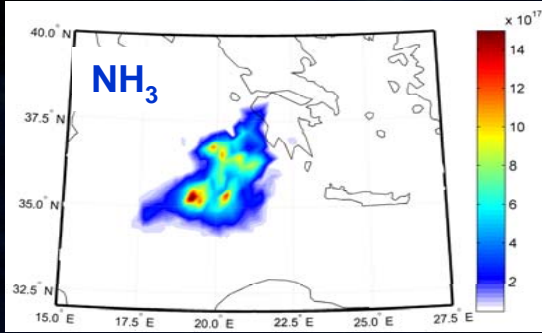
# Carbon monoxide (CO) - Fires

## Greece, 25-28 August 2007

CO



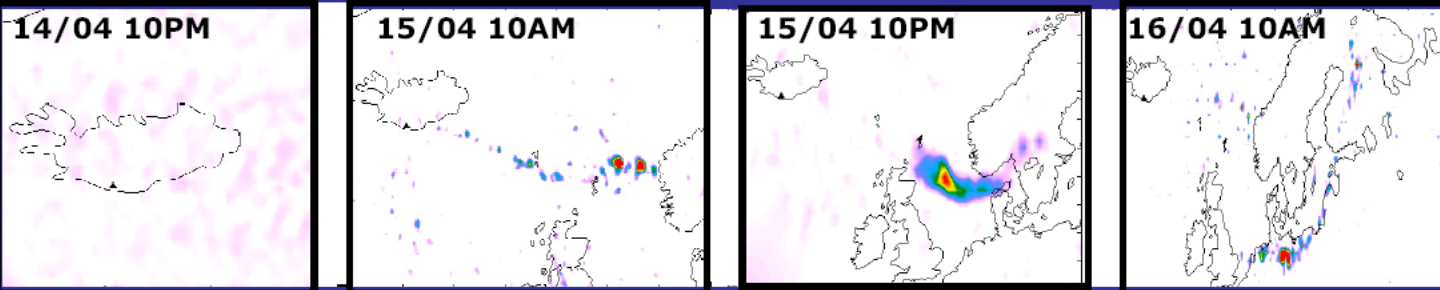
Courtesy D. Hurtmans/ S. Turquety/ C. Clerbaux



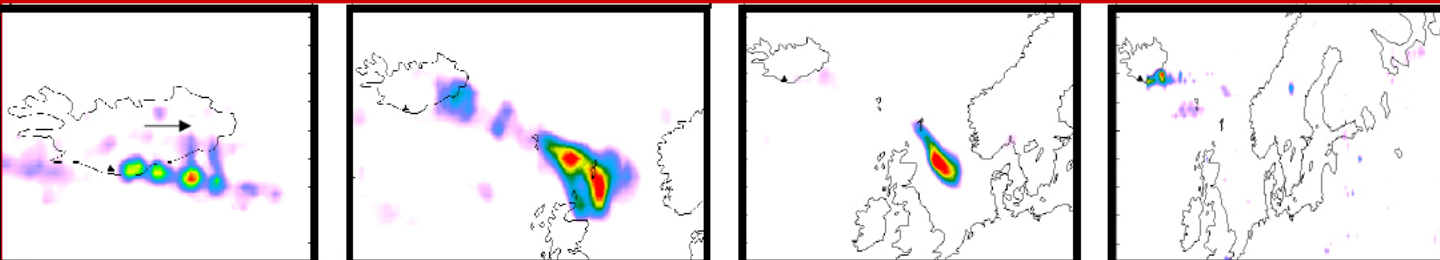
Courtesy P. Coheur

# Absorbing Species in the Infra-red

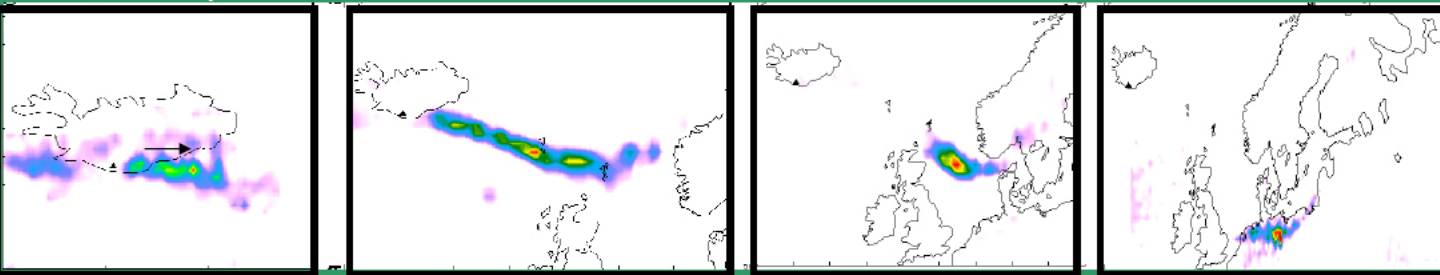
## IASI/MetOp - Sulfur dioxide



## IASI/MetOp - Ice



## IASI/MetOp - Ash







# Future EUMETSAT Missions

Meteosat Third Generation (MTG)

Post-EPS

Sentinels 4&5





# Meteosat Third Generation (MTG)

- Five candidate observation missions identified for MTG:
  - High Resolution Fast Imagery (HRFI) mission (MTG-I)
  - Full Disk High Spectral Imagery (FDHSI) mission (MTG-I)
  - Lightning Imagery (LI) mission (MTG-I)
  - **Infrared Sounding (IRS) mission (MTG-S)**
  - **UV-VIS Sounding (UVS) mission (MTG-S)**



# Meteosat Third Generation (MTG) & Sentinel 4

- Twin satellite configuration endorsed by EUMETSAT council with the second platform the MTG-S carrying the IRS. **With this, a UVS Mission (Sentinel 4) shall be accommodated within the design margins offered by the MTG Sounding Satellites**
- The **Infra-Red Spectrometer (IRS)** primarily targets meteorological applications but is also expected to provide information on **O3 and CO; reduced performance compared to IASI**
- **A UV-VIS spectrometer (Sentinel 4) mission is expected to provide measurements of ozone, NO2, SO2, BrO, formaldehyde and aerosol over Europe with hourly sampling at 8x8 km (best case)**



# Post-EPS Atmospheric Chemistry User Requirements

- **Ozone & Surface UV**
  - **Priority 1 (protocol/forecast): O<sub>3</sub> stratosphere/UT profile & column**
  - **Priority 2 (assessment): stratospheric ClO, BrO, HNO<sub>3</sub> & aerosol (heterogeneous chemistry)**
- **Composition – Climate Interaction**
  - **Priority 1: O<sub>3</sub> & H<sub>2</sub>O profiles; trop CH<sub>4</sub> (emissions)**
  - **Priority 2: CO<sub>2</sub> (emissions); trop CO & NO<sub>2</sub> (chemistry); stratospheric N<sub>2</sub>O/CH<sub>4</sub> (circulation); AOD & cirrus**
- **Pollution & Air Quality**
  - **Priority 1 (regulation/AQ index) O<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO, SO<sub>2</sub>, AOD**
  - **Priority 2 (forecast): H<sub>2</sub>O, H<sub>2</sub>CO, aerosol type**



# Post-EPS Atmospheric Chemistry Missions

- **IRS**
  - **IASI-NG currently under study by CNES; twice the spectral resolution and half the radiometric noise for O<sub>3</sub>, CO and CH<sub>4</sub> profiles and HNO<sub>3</sub> + others**
- **3MI**
  - **Aerosol mission based on POLDER heritage**
  - Total and small particles optical thickness (aerosol load); Angström exponent; non-sphericity index; effective radius and refractive index of the small particles mode; refractive index of large spherical particles; altitude range
- **Sentinel 5**
  - **UV-VIS-NIR-SWIR spectrometer for O<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>CO, CH<sub>4</sub>, CO, aerosol**

# Conclusions

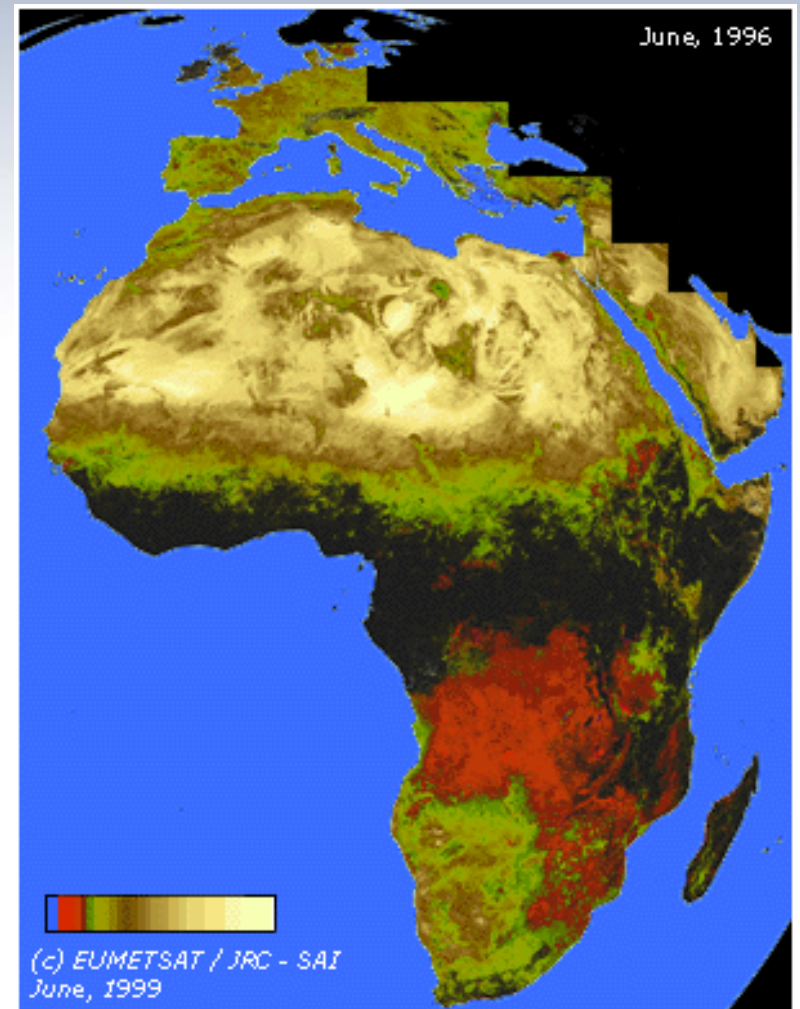
- EUMETSAT is committed to continue to make available relevant data products and services from MSG and EPS/Metop, from both Central Facilities and the SAF Network
- All necessary steps taken to ensure accommodation of GMES S4 on MTG, with full support of EUMETSAT Delegations. MTG Ground Segment will provide all necessary processing elements and data dissemination capabilities.
- Same approach has been taken for GMES Sentinel 5

# MSG Surface Albedo

## Meteosat Surface Albedo Product:

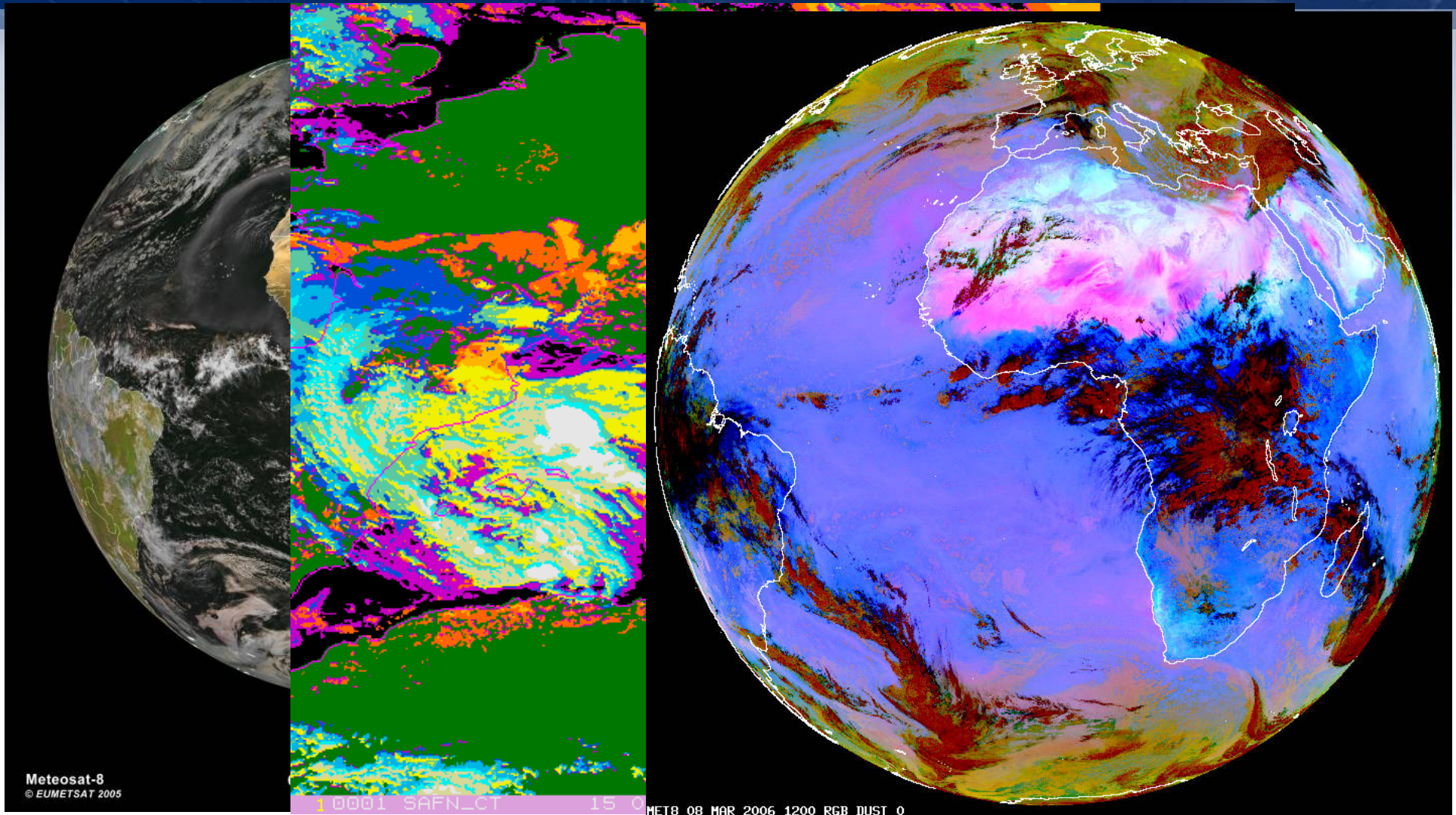
- Meteosat-2 to Meteosat-7: 1981 - 2006 from the 0<sup>0</sup> Service
- Meteosat-5: 1998 - 2007 from the Indian Ocean Data Coverage Service

Cooperation with JMA (and in the future possibly with NOAA) to generate a Global GEO Surface albedo Level 3 data set in the SCOPE-CM framework.





# Meteosat Second Generation (MSG)



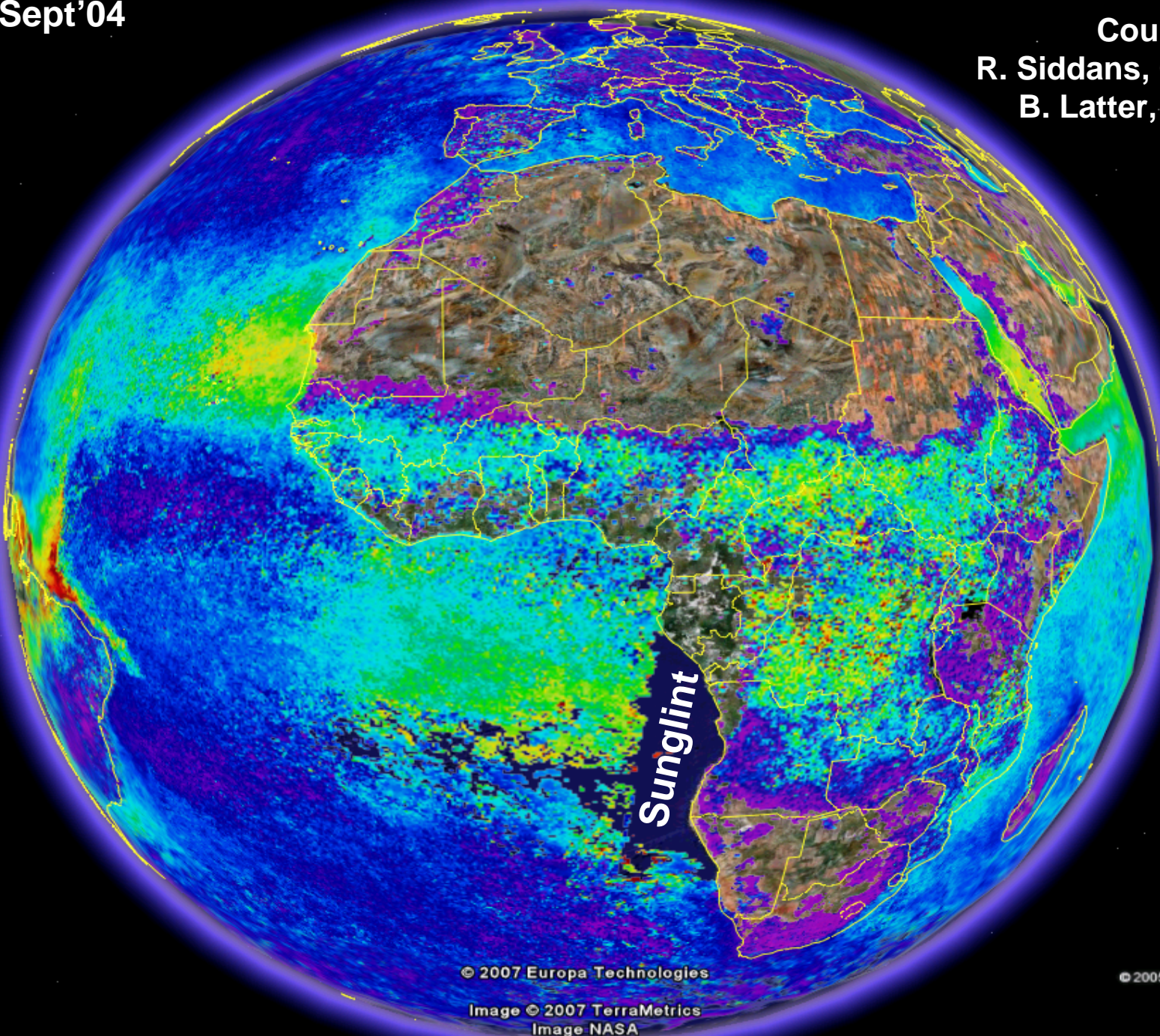
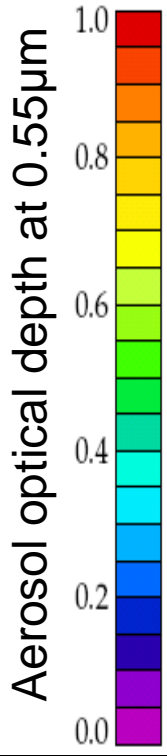
Meteosat-8  
© EUMETSAT 2005

0001 SAFN\_LCT 15 C MET8 08 MAR 2006 1200 REB DUST 0



Sept '04

Courtesy  
R. Siddans, C. Poulsen &  
B. Latter, RAL, U.K.



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Image © 2007 TerraMetrics  
Image NASA

© 2005 Google

Pointer lat -14.812390° lon 0.718582°

Streaming ||||| 100%

Eye alt 9730.43 km