



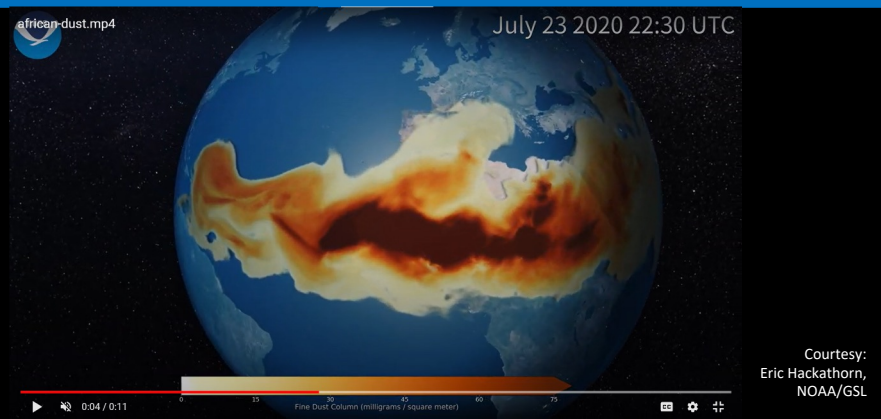
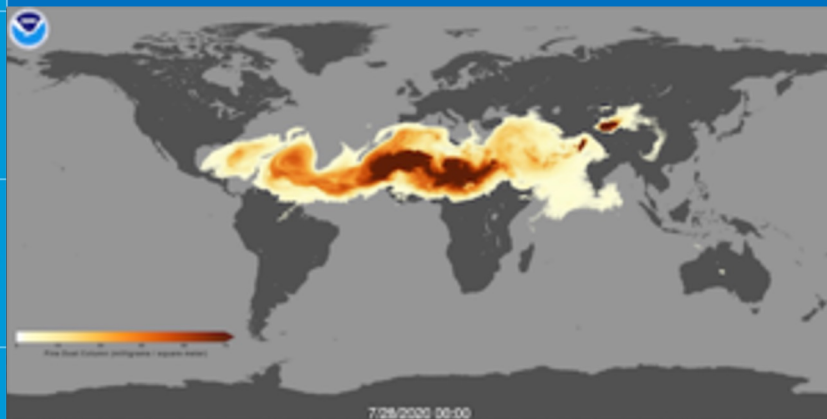
**NATIONAL  
WEATHER  
SERVICE**

# GEFS version 13 – Aerosols:

## Increasing realism of NOAA's flagship Global Ensemble Forecast System

Raffaele Montuoro, Bing Fu, Neil Barton, Partha Bhattacharjee, Li Pan, Yuejian Zhu (ret.),  
Eric Sinsky, Jeff McQueen, Avichal Mehra, Fanglin Yang, Ivanka Stajner – NWS/NCEP/EMC  
**Barry Baker** – OAR/ARL, Li (Kate) Zhang – OAR/GSL, Gregory Frost – OAR/CSL  
The GFS development team & the PSL ensemble team, NASA/GMAO

Air Quality Forecasters Workshop, October 12-13, 2023



Courtesy:  
Eric Hackathorn,  
NOAA/GSL



# Roadmap



## Operational: GEFSv12-Aerosol

- One member of the Global Ensemble Forecast System (GEFS)
- One-way coupled Atmosphere-Aerosols-Waves system
- 5-day global aerosol predictions



## Target: GEFSv13

- Two-way coupled, Atmosphere/Aerosols/Land/Ocean/Wave/Sea Ice
- Prognostic aerosols included in all GEFS members
- Aerosol-radiation feedback impacts meteorology
- 35-day global aerosol predictions



## Base Model:

GFS Model	FV3 (Finite-Vol Cubed-Sphere)
Resolution	C384 (25km) L64 (hybrid)
Physics	GFSv15 packages (GFDL MP)
Boundary forcing	NSST + 2-tiered SST
Non-Atmos Coupled Components	Waves (one-way) Aerosols (one-way), one member only

## Ensemble Methods:

Initial perturbations	EnKF -f06
Model uncertainty	5-scale SPPT and SKEB
Members	Control + 30 pert members

## Forecast Details:

Daily frequency	00, 06, 12 and 18UTC
Forecast length	16 days, 35 days (00UTC)

## Other Details:

Reforecast	30 years (1989-2018)
Implementation	September 2020 (5 years of V11)

# GEFS version 12

Geosci. Model Dev., 15, 5337–5369, 2022  
<https://doi.org/10.5194/gmd-15-5337-2022>  
© Author(s) 2022. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License.








Geoscientific  
Model Development  
Open Access  
EGU

## Development and evaluation of the Aerosol Forecast Member in the National Center for Environment Prediction (NCEP)'s Global Ensemble Forecast System (GEFS-Aerosols v1)

Li Zhang<sup>1,2</sup>, Raffaele Montuoro<sup>1,2,7</sup>, Stuart A. McKeen<sup>1,3</sup>, Barry Baker<sup>4,5</sup>, Partha S. Bhattacharjee<sup>6</sup>, Georg A. Grell<sup>2</sup>, Judy Henderson<sup>2</sup>, Li Pan<sup>6</sup>, Gregory J. Frost<sup>3</sup>, Jeff McQueen<sup>7</sup>, Rick Saylor<sup>8</sup>, Haiqin Li<sup>1,2</sup>, Ravan Ahmadov<sup>1,2</sup>, Jun Wang<sup>7</sup>, Ivanka Stajner<sup>7</sup>, Shobha Kondragunta<sup>9</sup>, Xiaoyang Zhang<sup>10</sup>, and Fangjun Li<sup>10</sup>

- Single GOCART-based aerosol component
- Substantial improvement over former operational NGACv2 system in both composition and variability of aerosol distributions

Species	<i>N</i>	Obs. median (mg m <sup>-2</sup> )	GEFS-Aerosols MMO	NGACv2 MMO	GEFS-Aerosols <i>r</i> coefficient	NGACv2 <i>r</i> coefficient
Sulfate	153	0.58	0.72	–	0.63	–
OC	146	0.55	1.03	–	0.80	–
BC	152	0.011	3.35	–	0.78	–
Dust (< 3 μm diam)	130	0.038	0.54	46.37	0.39	0.39

Base Model:		
	GFS Model	UFS Coupled
	Resolution	Atmos/Aerosol/Land: C384 (25km) L127, Ocean/Ice: 0.25° tripole, Wave 0.25° lat/lon
	Atmos Physics	CCPP (saSAS, Thompson-MP, sa-TKE-EDMF, uGWD, NOAA-MP)
	Boundary forcing	N/A
Ensemble Methods:		
	Initial perturbations	EnKF f00 (early cycle)
	Model uncertainty	Atmos: 5-scale SPPT, SKEB, SPP, CA; Ocean: 5-scale oSPPT and ePBL
	Members	Control + 30 pert members
Forecast Details:		
	Daily frequency	00, 06, 12 and 18UTC
	Forecast length	16 days, 35/48 days (00UTC, Mon & Thu)
Other Details:		
	Reforecast	30 years (1994-2023)
	Implementation	Q1 FY2026

# GEFS version 13

## Target configuration

- Built on the Unified Forecast System (UFS)
- UFS-Aerosols component embeds NASA's 2<sup>nd</sup>-generation GOCART model
- Updated dust scheme (FENGSHA)
- Aerosol-radiation feedback enabled
- Prognostic aerosols included in all 31 members
- Global aerosol predictions up to 35 days
- First-ever aerosol data assimilation (GDAS-Aero v1)



# Roadmap – Development

- Development performed through sequential Ensemble Prototypes (EP) consisting of 10 perturbed members + control
- EPs based on GFS prototypes
- Prognostic aerosols introduced in EP4 with aerosol-radiation feedback (EP4a)
- EP4a aerosol configuration based on early experiments for UFS coupled prototype 8 (P8)
- EP4b - updated aerosol component with dust bugfix and scaling of biomass burning

U.S. Department of Commerce  
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration  
National Weather Service  
National Centers for Environmental Prediction  
5830 University Research Court  
College Park, MD 20740-3818

Office Note 510  
<https://doi.org/10.25923/knxm-kz26>

Description and Results from UFS Coupled Prototypes for Future Global, Ensemble and Seasonal Forecasts at NCEP

Lydia Stefanova<sup>1</sup>, Jessica Meixner<sup>2</sup>, Jiande Wang<sup>1</sup>, Sulagna Ray<sup>3</sup>, Avichal Mehra<sup>2</sup>, Michael Barlage<sup>2</sup>, Lisa Bengtsson<sup>4</sup>, Partha S. Bhattacharjee<sup>1</sup>, Rainer Bleck<sup>5</sup>, Arun Chawla<sup>2</sup>, Benjamin W. Green<sup>5,7</sup>, Jongil Han<sup>2</sup>, Wei Li<sup>1</sup>, Xu Li<sup>1</sup>, Raffaele Montuoro<sup>2</sup>, Shrinivas Moorthi<sup>2</sup>, Cristiana Stan<sup>6</sup>, Shan Sun<sup>5</sup>, Denise Worthen<sup>1</sup>, Fanglin Yang<sup>2</sup>, Weizhong Zheng<sup>1</sup>

# Roadmap – EP4a experiments

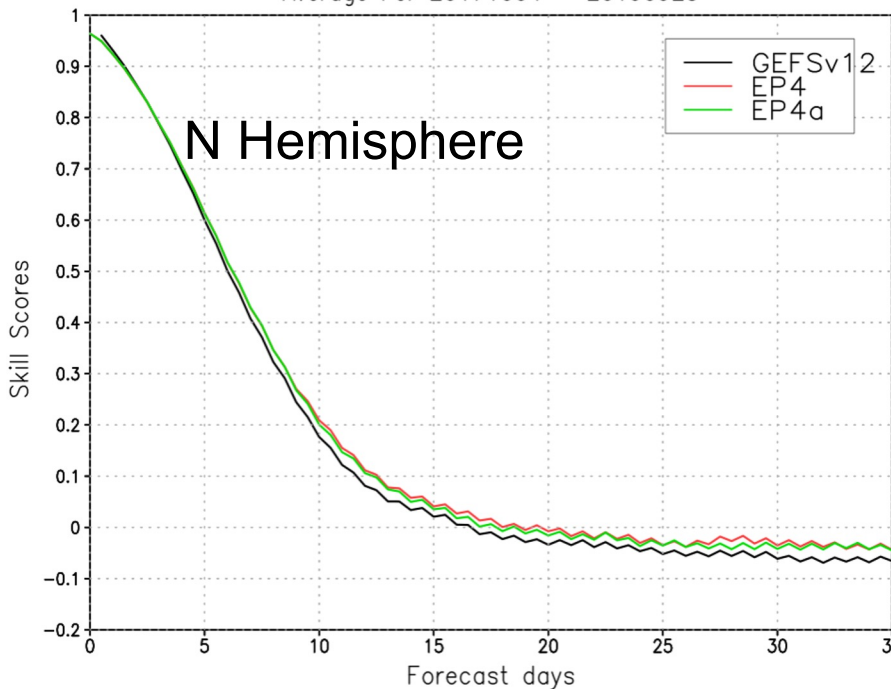
- 35-day, free forecasts
- **Mini-set**
  - 16 cases: 8 summer and 8 winter cases (2018)
    - Winter: 20180103, 20180110, 20180117, 20180124, 20180131, 20180207, 20180214, 20180221
    - Summer: 20180801, 20180808, 20180815, 20180822, 20180829, 20180905, 20180912, 20180919
- **Full set**
  - 104 cases: Oct. 2017–Sept. 2019, Oct. 2020–Sept. 2021
  - Once per week (Wednesday 00 UTC), 11 members, out to 35 days

# Roadmap – EP4a evaluation

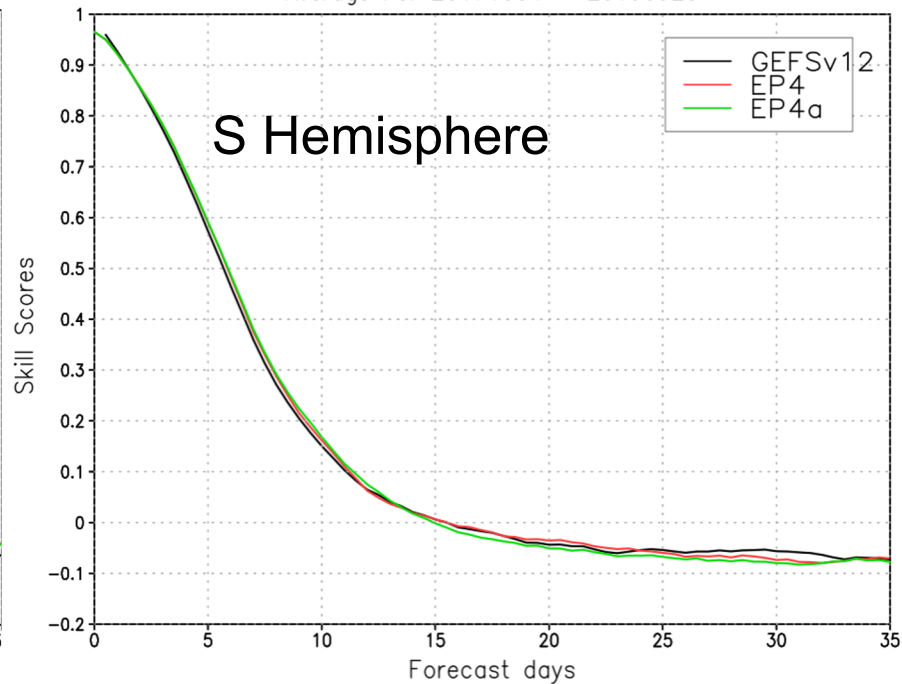
1. Analysis of aerosol optical depth (AOD) and distributions
  - Compare AODs against NASA (MERRA-2) and ECMWF (CAM5) global reanalysis datasets
  - Compare surface distributions to AERONET data
2. Evaluation of aerosol impact on meteorology
  - Use standard GEFS metrics to compare EP4a to EP4:
    - 500 hPa height – Anomaly Correlation (AC)
    - 500 hPa height – Continuous Ranked Probability Skill Scores (CRPSS)
    - 500 hPa height – bias
    - 850 hPa temperature – bias
    - 850 hPa zonal wind – RMSE
    - 250 hPa zonal wind – RMSE
    - MJO
    - Surface diagnosis

# 500 hPa Height – CRPSS

Northern Hemisphere 500hPa Height  
Continuous Ranked Probability Skill Scores  
Average For 20171004 – 20190925

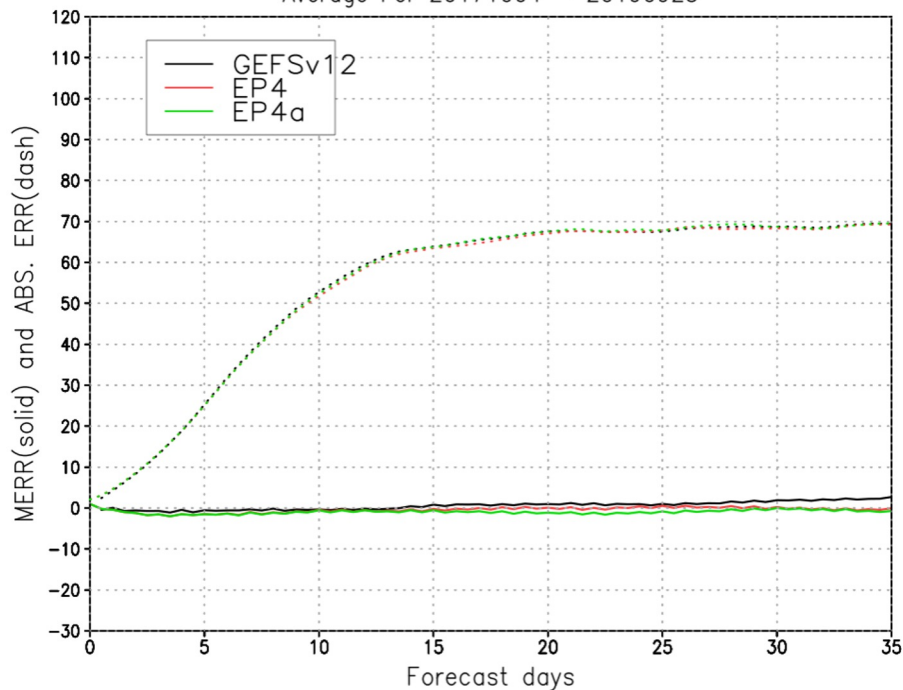


Southern Hemisphere 500hPa Height  
Continuous Ranked Probability Skill Scores  
Average For 20171004 – 20190925

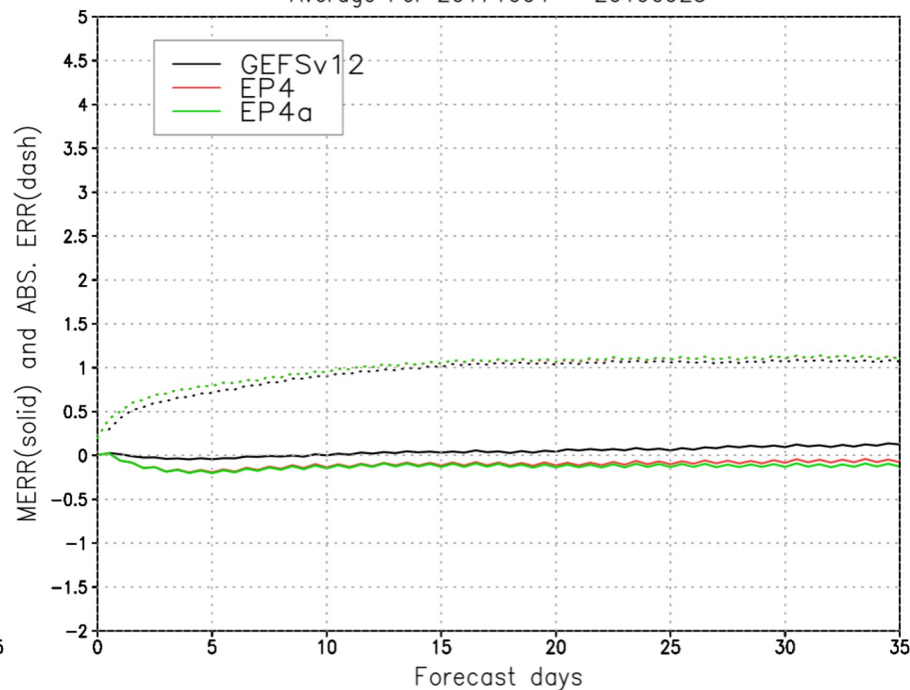


# 500 hPa Height & 850 hPa Temperature

Northern Hemisphere 500hPa Height  
Ensemble Mean Error and Ensemble Abs. Error  
Average For 20171004 – 20190925

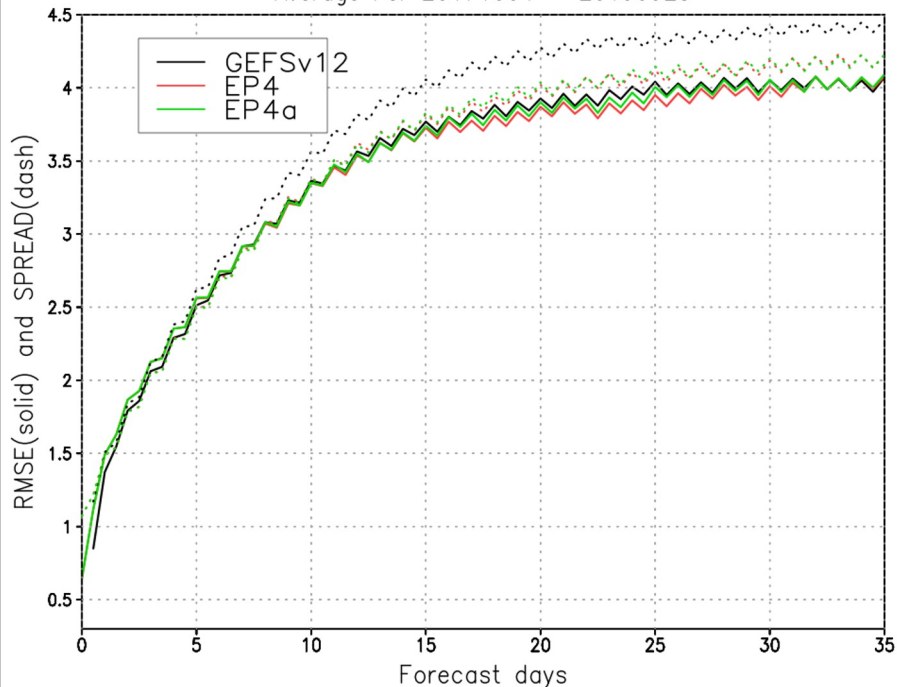


Tropical 850hPa Temp.  
Ensemble Mean Error and Ensemble Abs. Error  
Average For 20171004 – 20190925

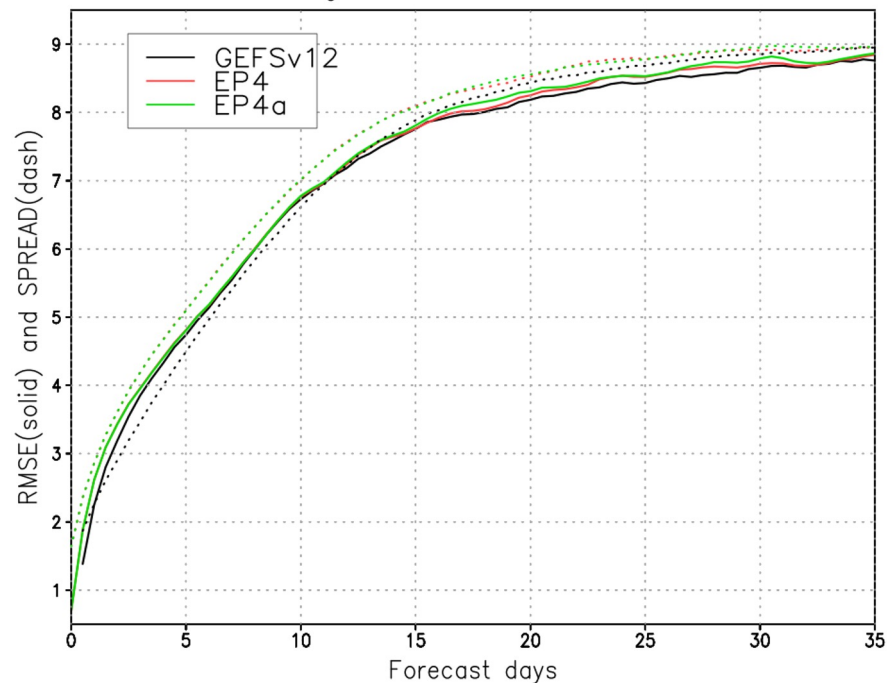


# Zonal wind – 250 hPa & 850 hPa

Tropical 850hPa U.  
Ensemble Mean RMSE and Ensemble SPREAD  
Average For 20171004 – 20190925



Tropical 250hPa U.  
Ensemble Mean RMSE and Ensemble SPREAD  
Average For 20171004 – 20190925



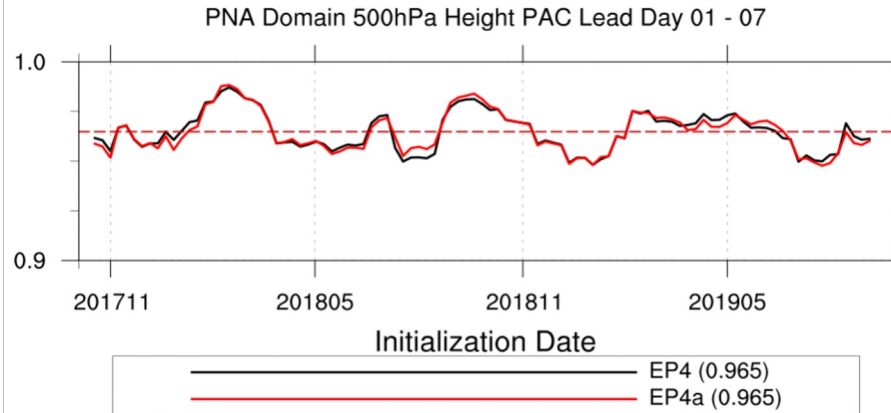
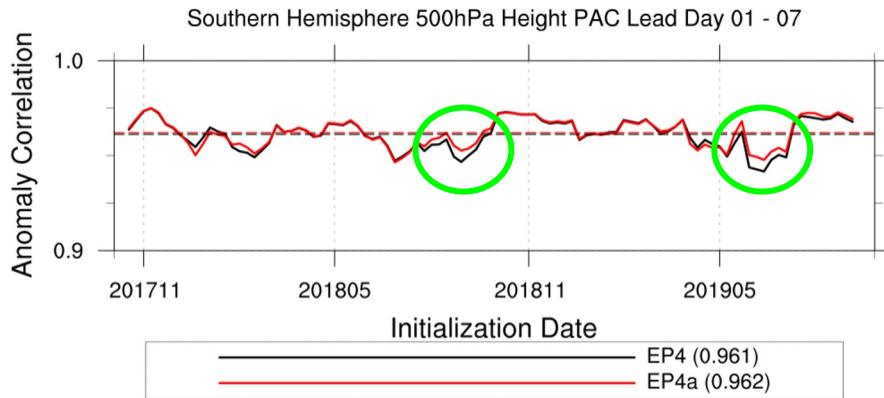
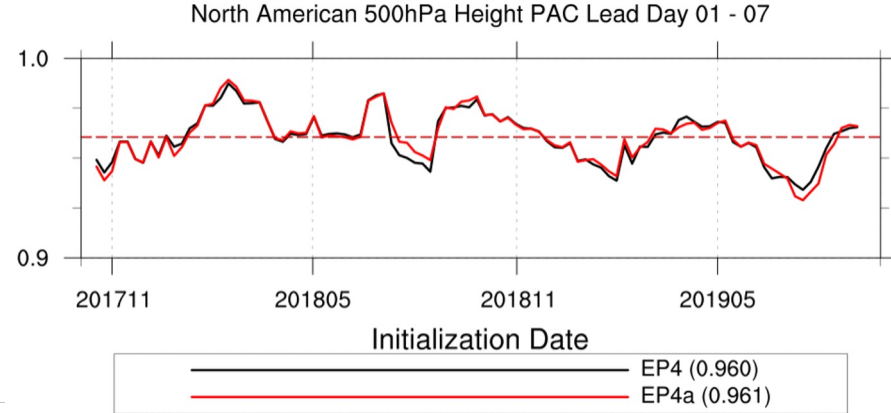
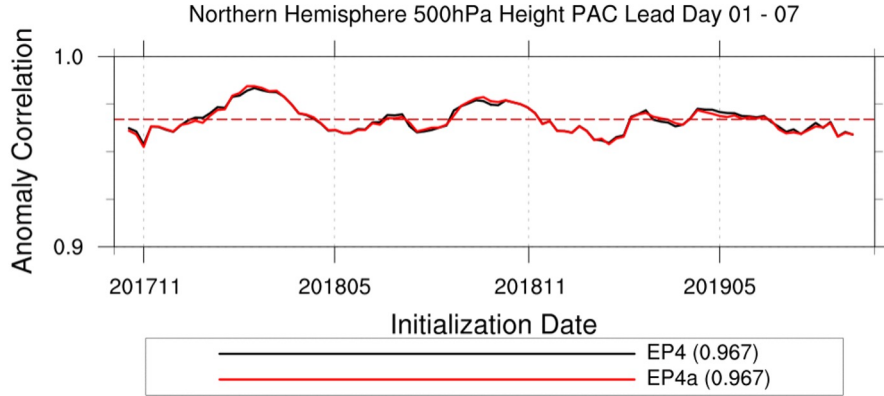
# 500 hPa Height

## 2017-2019 Average Anomaly Correlation

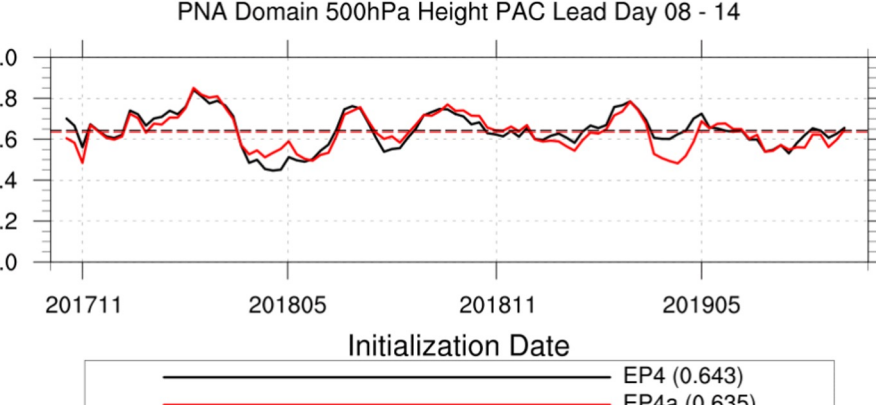
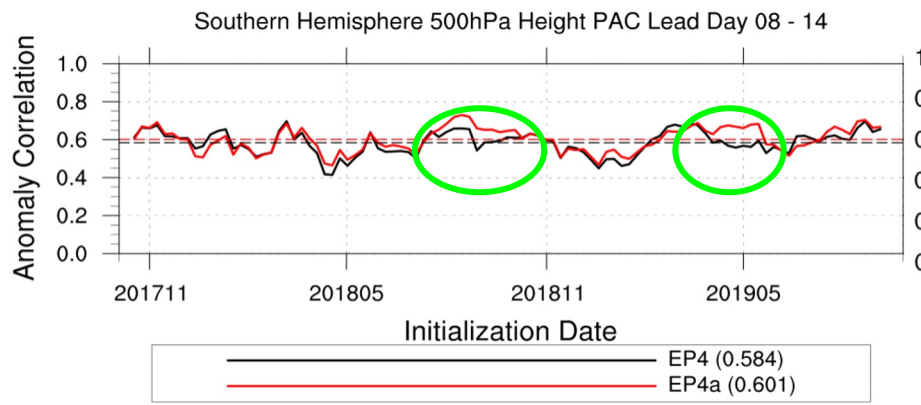
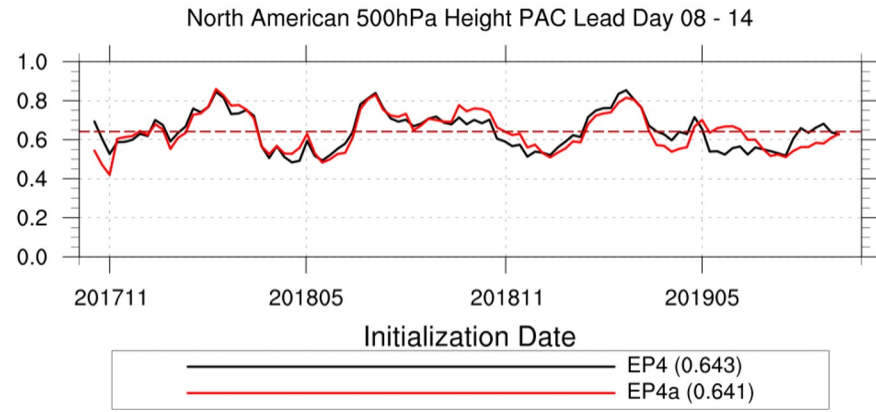
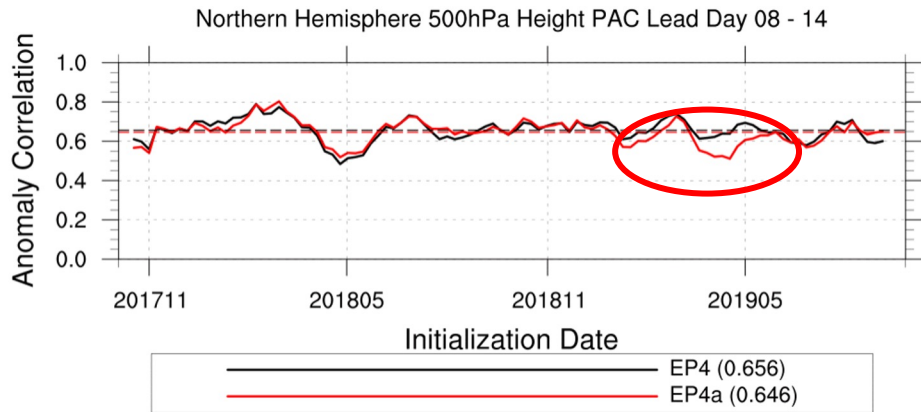
500 hPa Height Average AC	Free Forecast Period	EP4	EP4 + aerosols	Change
Northern Hemisphere	Week 1	0.967	0.967	—
	Week 2	0.656	0.646	-0.010 (-1.5%)
	Week 3-4	0.378	0.368	-0.010 (-2.6%)
Southern Hemisphere	Week 1	0.961	0.962	+0.001 (+0.1%)
	Week 2	0.584	0.601	+0.017 (+2.9%)
	Week 3-4	0.278	0.225	-0.053 (-19.1%)



# 500 hPa Height – Week 1

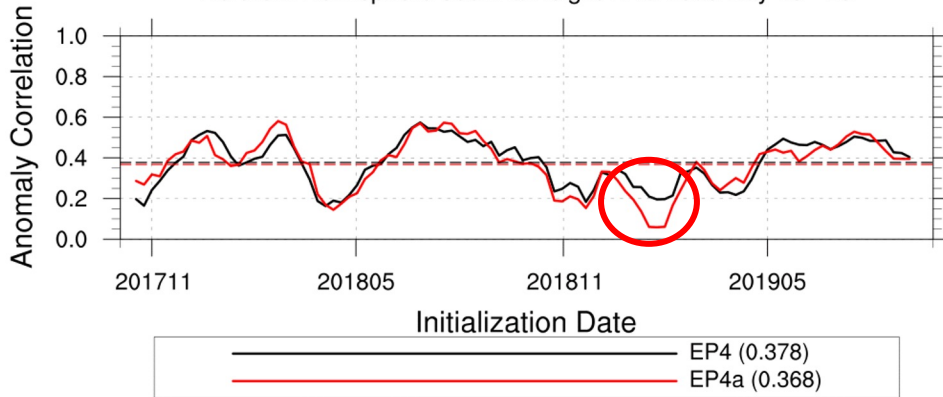


# 500 hPa Height – Week 2

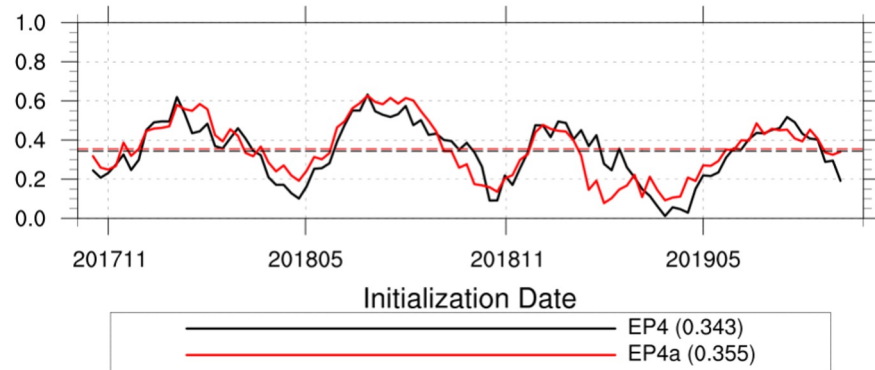


# 500 hPa Height – Week 3-4

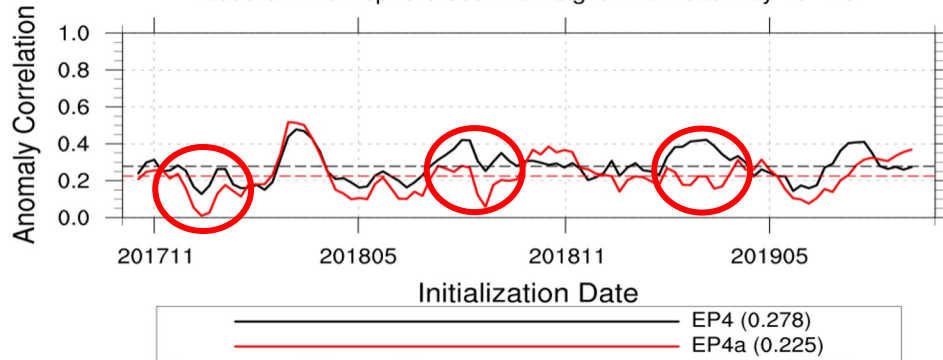
Northern Hemisphere 500hPa Height PAC Lead Day 15 - 28



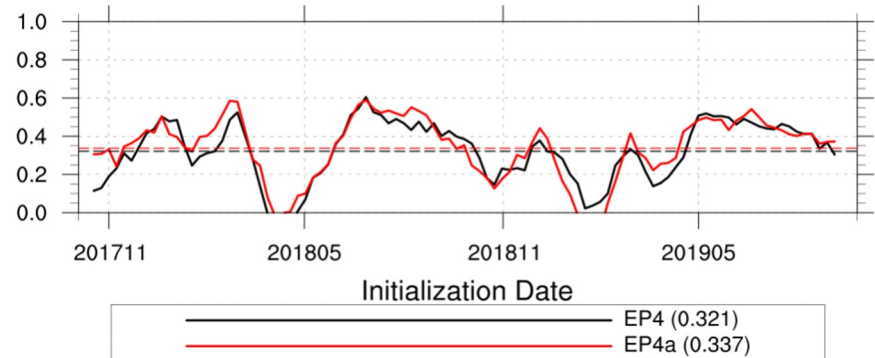
North American 500hPa Height PAC Lead Day 15 - 28



Southern Hemisphere 500hPa Height PAC Lead Day 15 - 28



PNA Domain 500hPa Height PAC Lead Day 15 - 28





# EP4a evaluation summary



## Aerosols

- Dust and biomass burning overprediction



## Atmosphere

- Improvements over EP4 in Week 1
- Mixed results in Week 2 – improvement in SH, degradation in NH (500hPa height)
- Noticeable degradation in Week 3-4
- Slightly colder than EP4

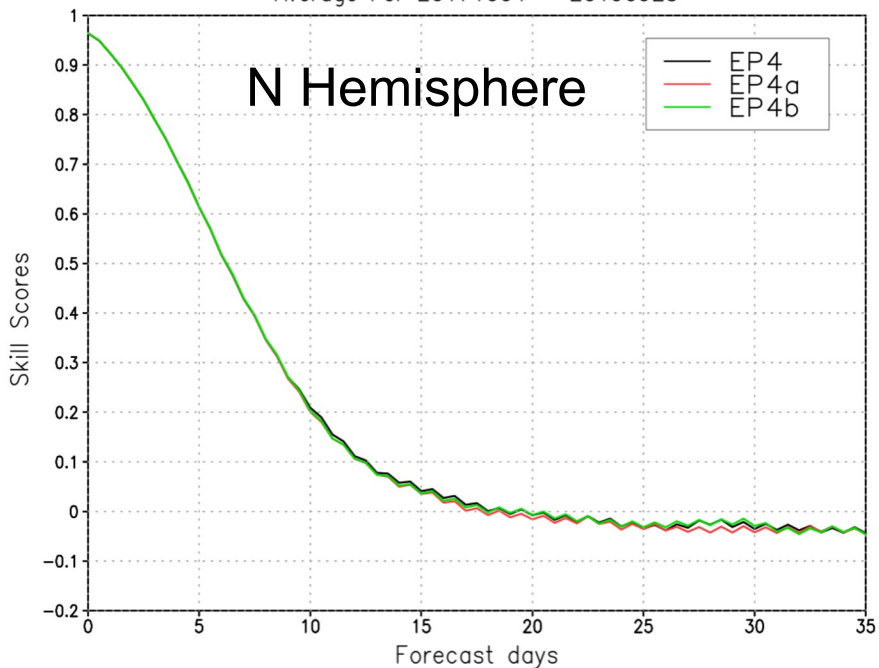


# EP4b – Aerosol updates

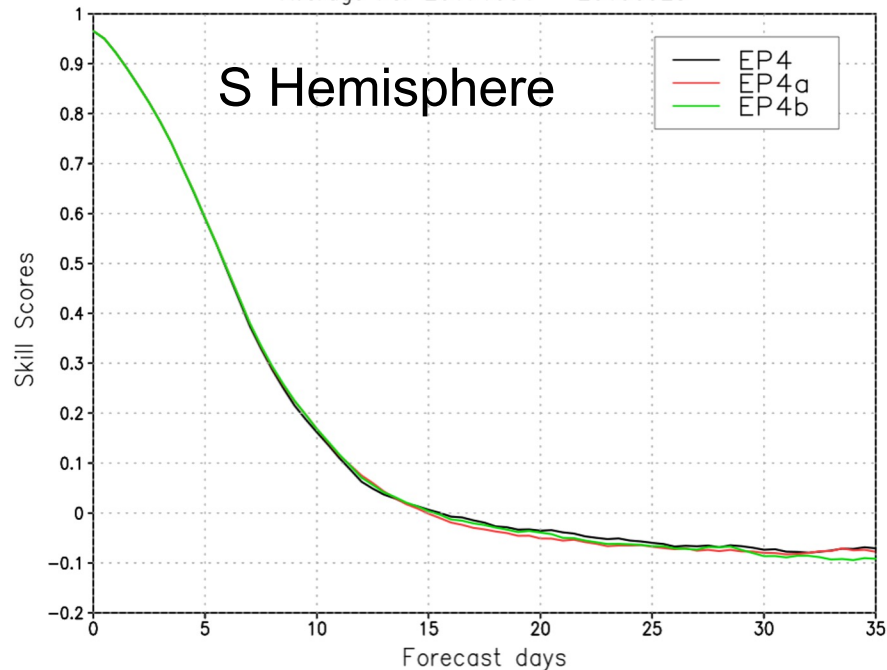
- **Dust scheme (FENGSHA)**
  - Corrected soil moisture (bugfix)
  - Improved surface inputs - fixes for high latitude and non-permeable surfaces
- **Biomass-burning emissions**
  - Scaled Quick Fire Emission Dataset (QFED) for consistency with 2<sup>nd</sup>-generation GOCART assumptions

# 500 hPa Height – CRPSS

Northern Hemisphere 500hPa Height  
Continuous Ranked Probability Skill Scores  
Average For 20171004 – 20190925

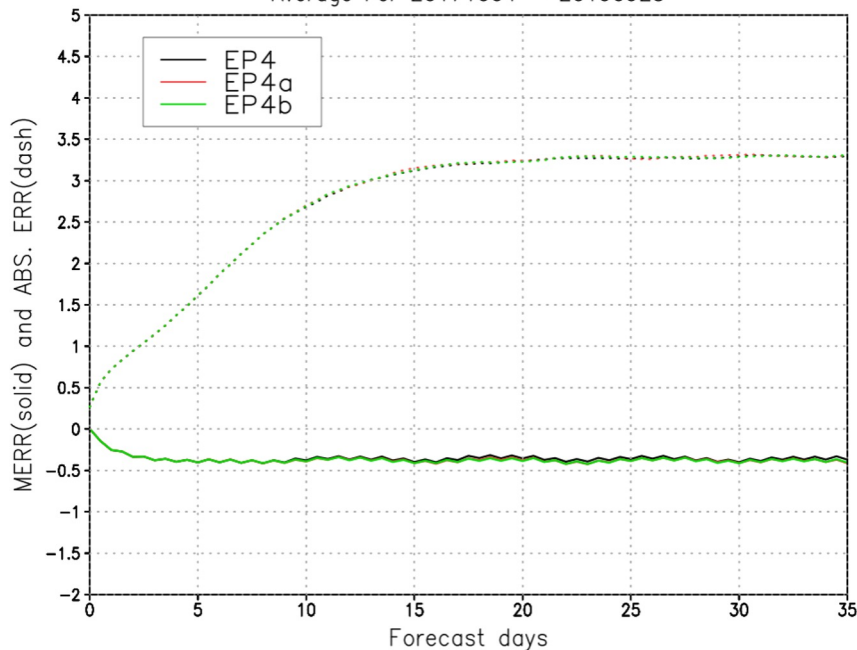


Southern Hemisphere 500hPa Height  
Continuous Ranked Probability Skill Scores  
Average For 20171004 – 20190925

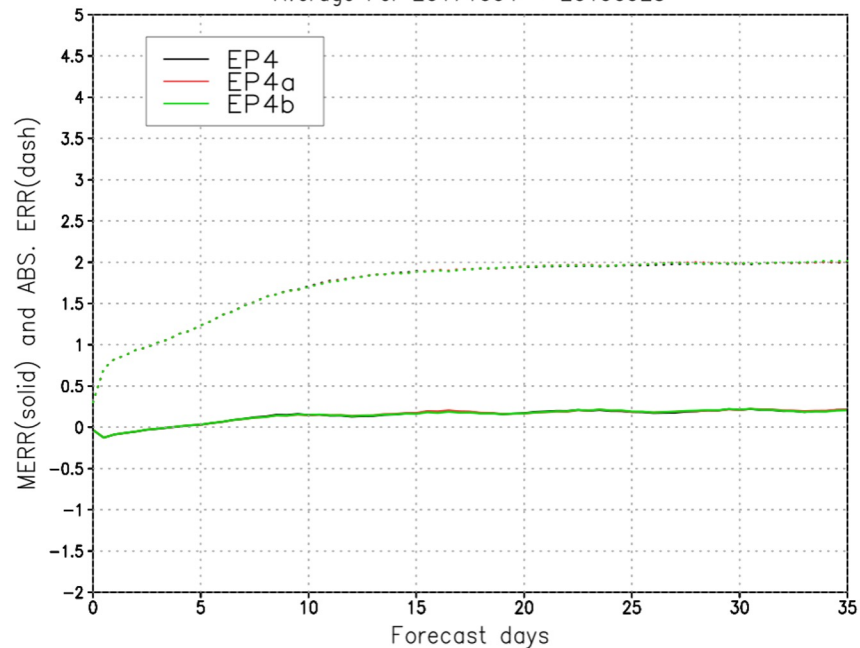


# 850 hPa Height & 2m Temperature

Northern Hemisphere 850hPa Temp.  
Ensemble Mean Error and Ensemble Abs. Error  
Average For 20171004 – 20190925



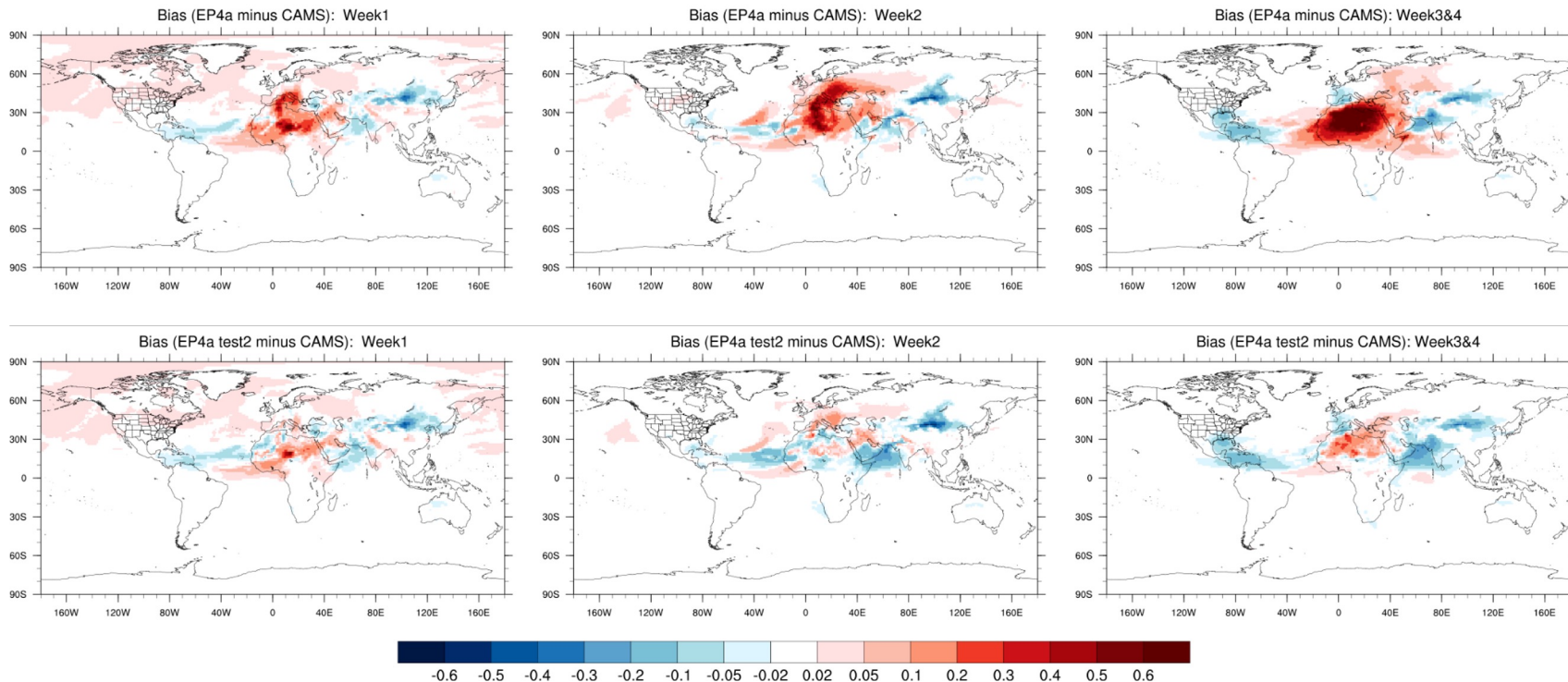
Southern Hemisphere 2 Meter Temp.  
Ensemble Mean Error and Ensemble Abs. Error  
Average For 20171004 – 20190925





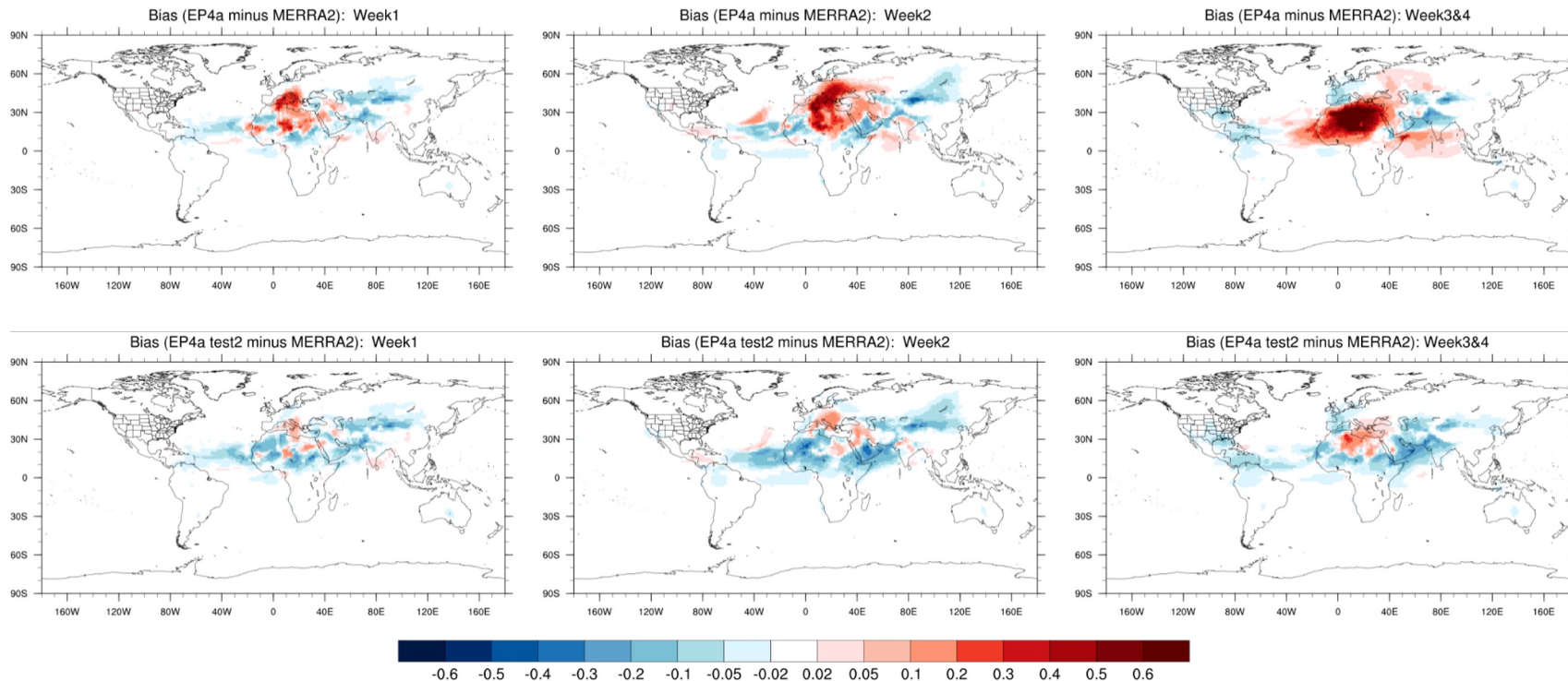
# EP4b – Preliminary results (control)

Dust AOD Bias against CAMS (IC 20190605)



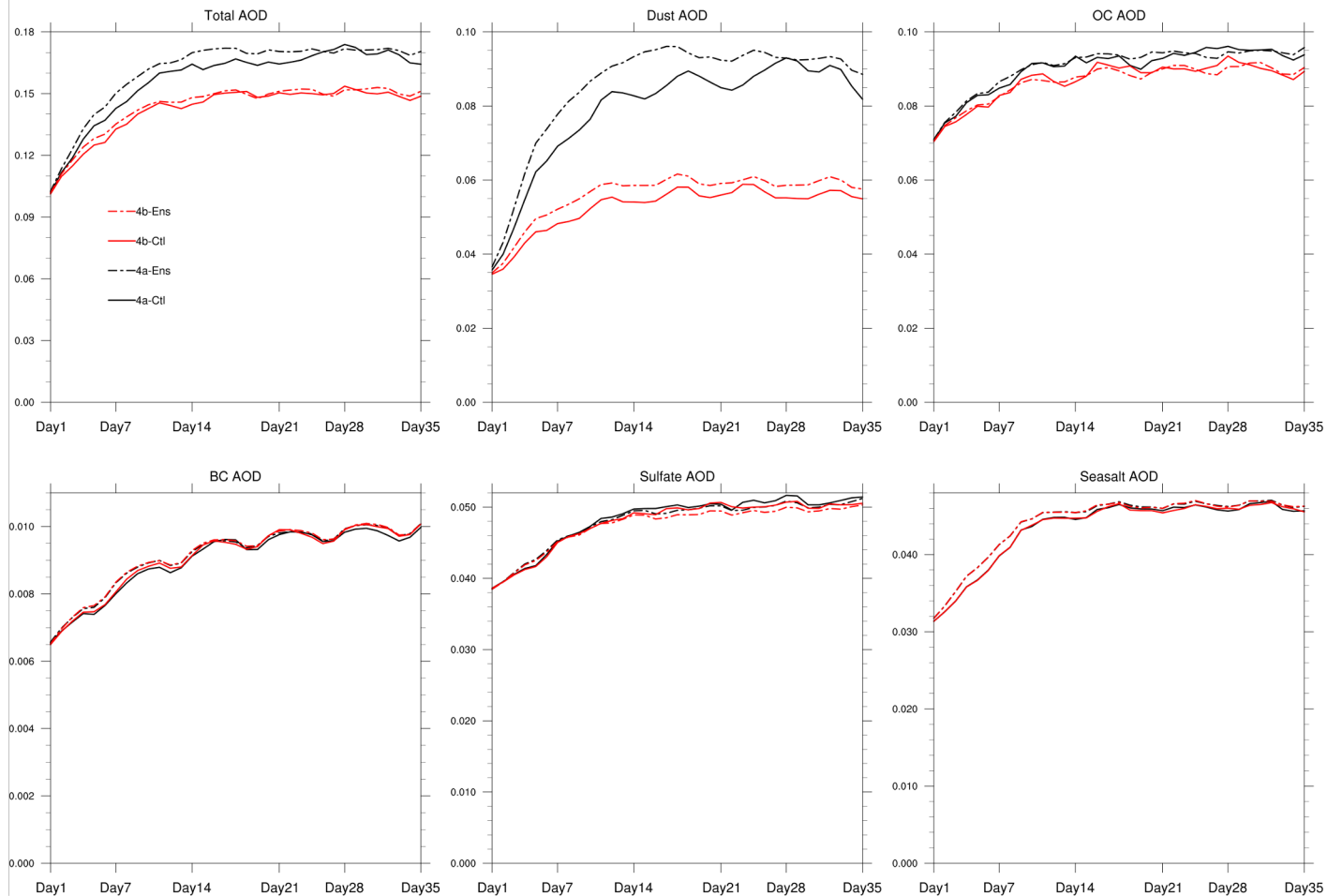
# EP4b – Preliminary results (control)

Dust AOD Bias against MERRA2 (IC 20190605)



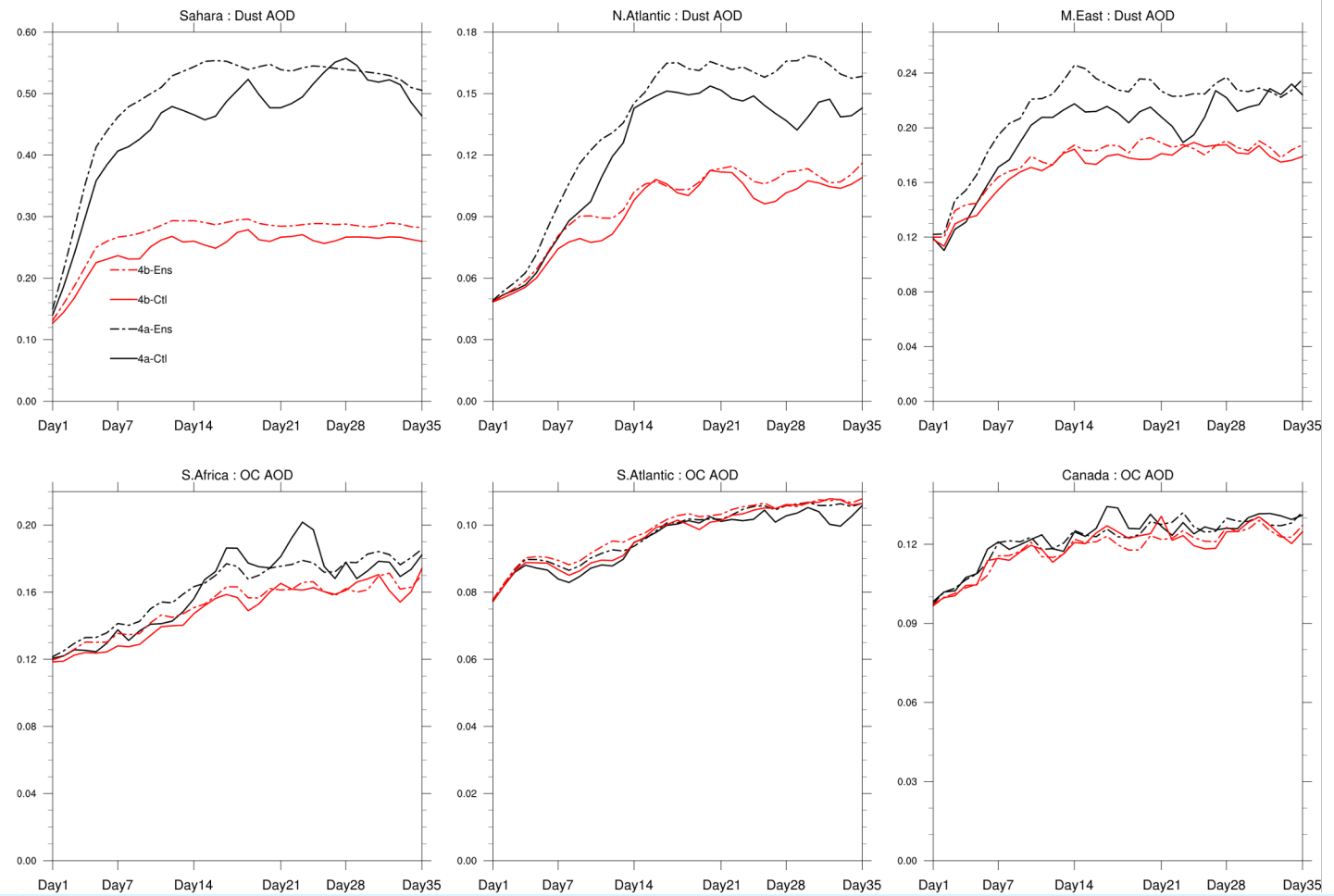
# EP4b

*Preliminary results from ensemble experiment*



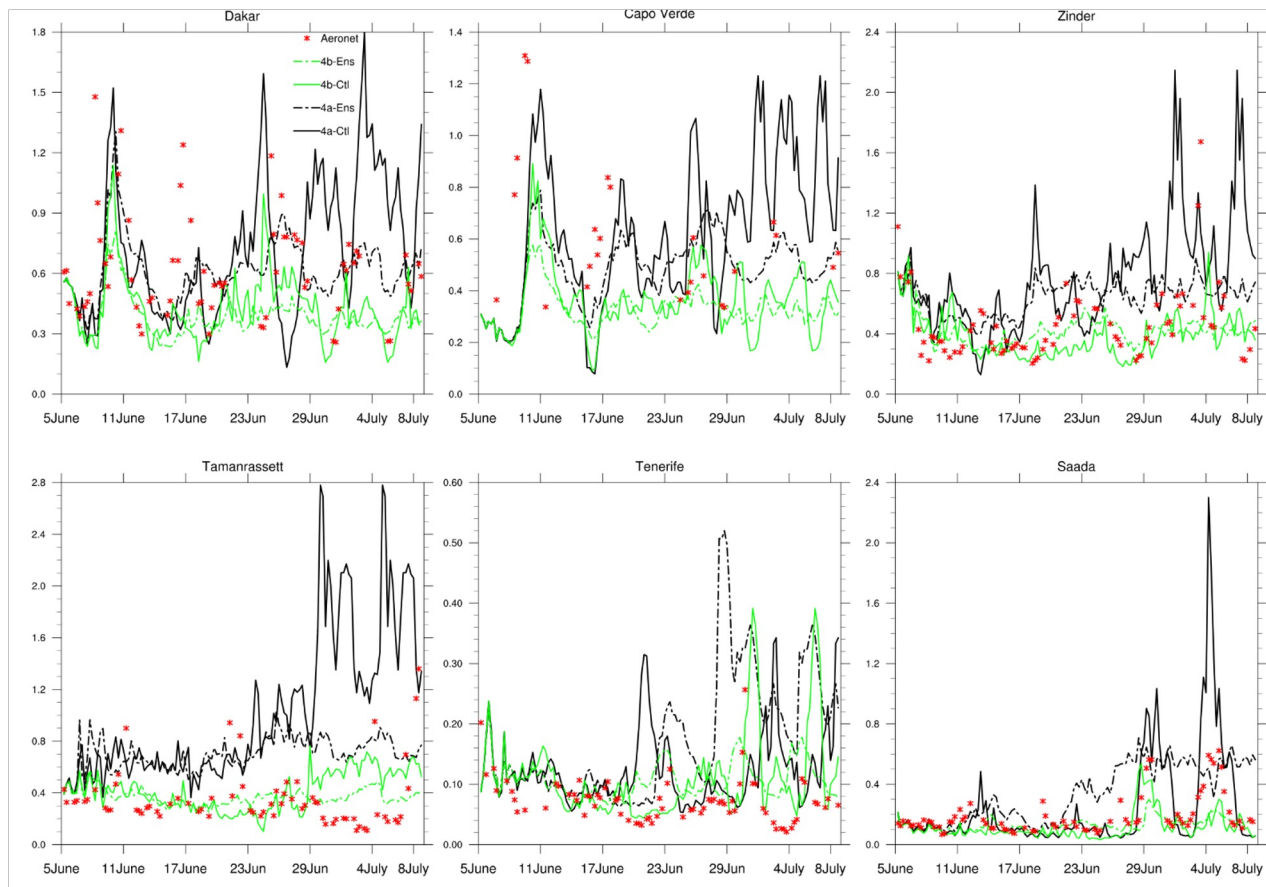
# EP4b

*Preliminary results from ensemble experiment*



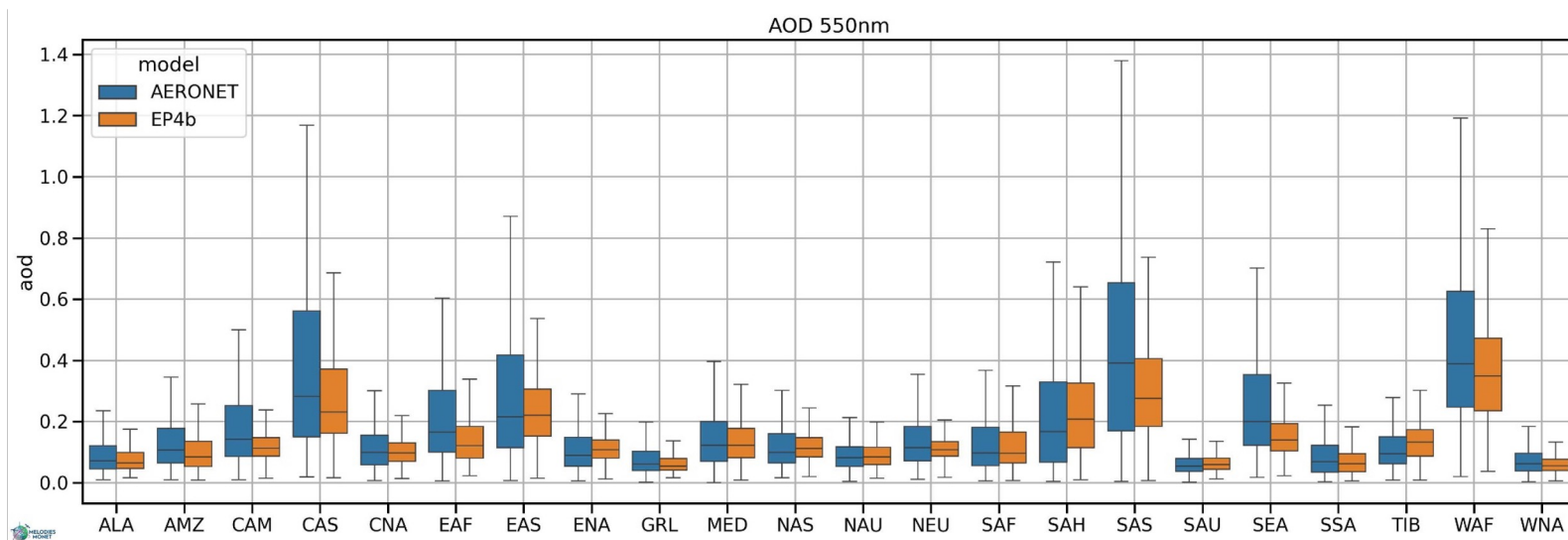
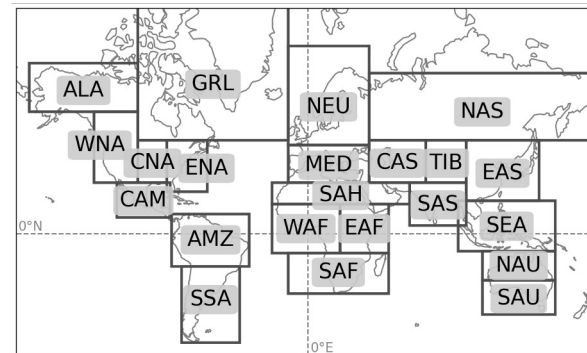
# EP4b – Preliminary results (control)

Example of Sahara stations



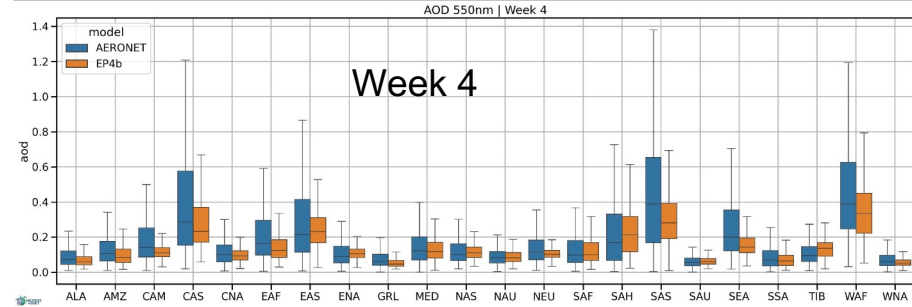
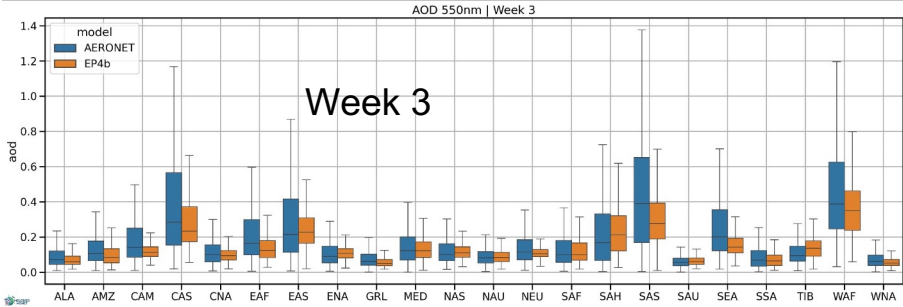
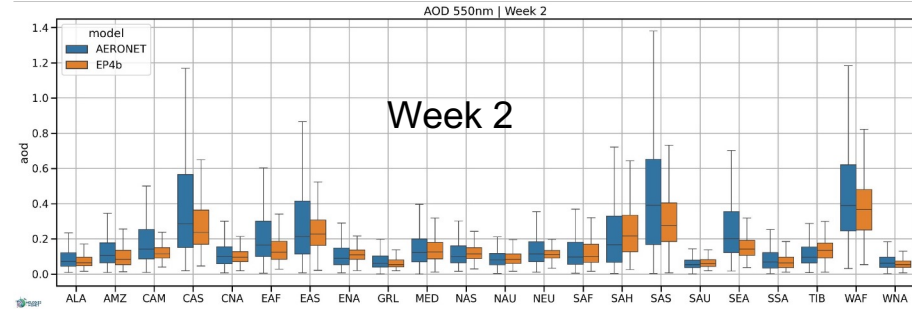
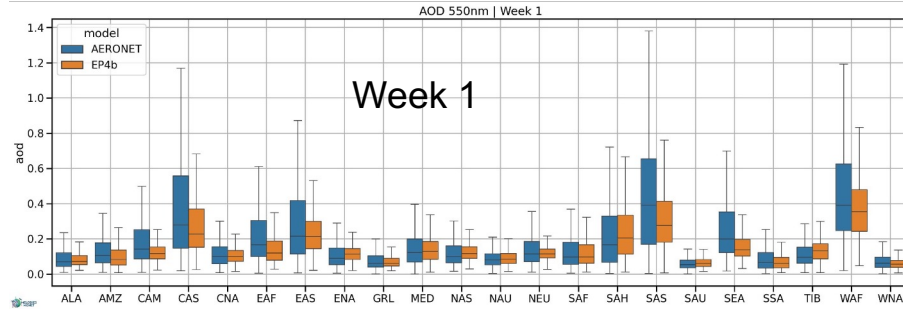
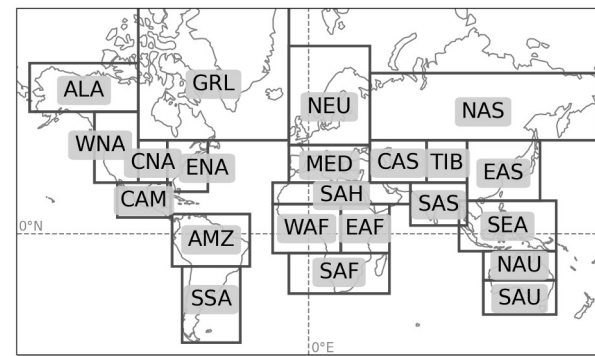
# Comparisons to Aeronet

Overall comparisons to aeronet are good with the notable underprediction in the AOD mean in the southern and central Asia

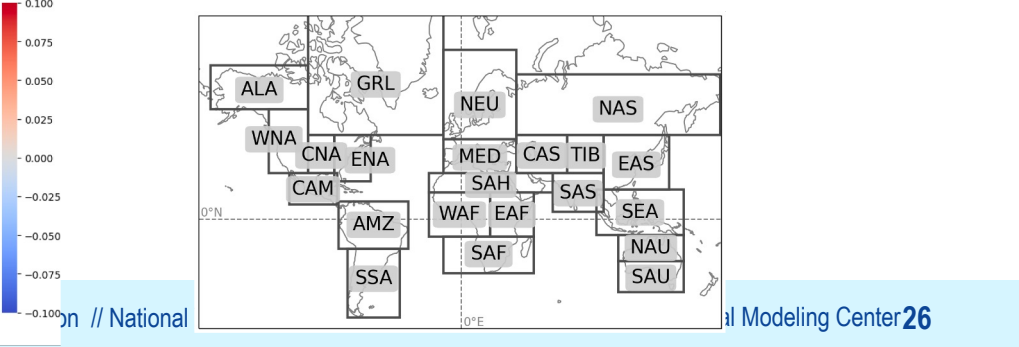
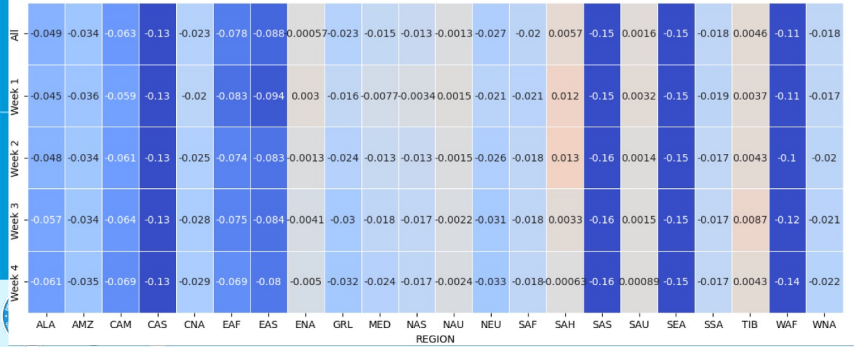
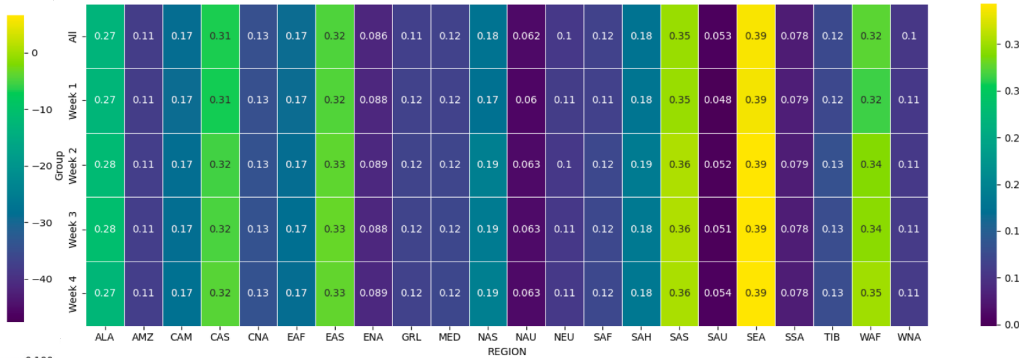
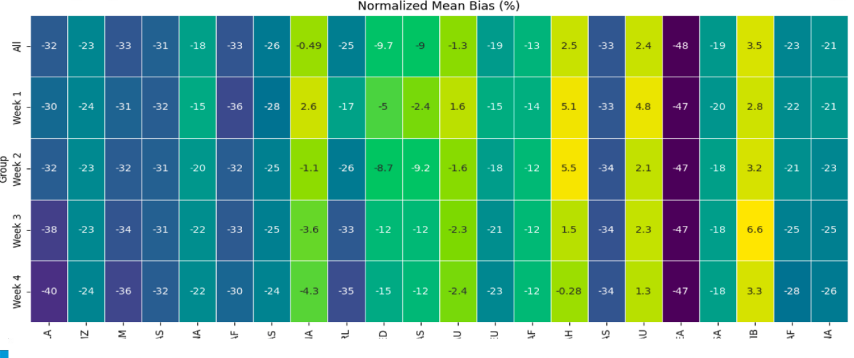
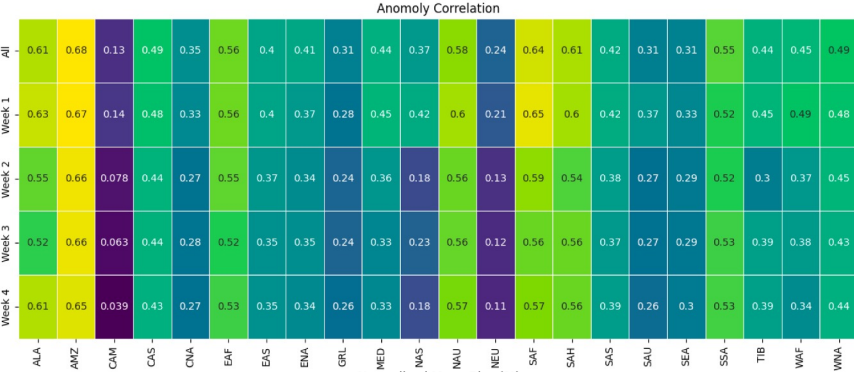




# Comparison to Aeronet









# Summary



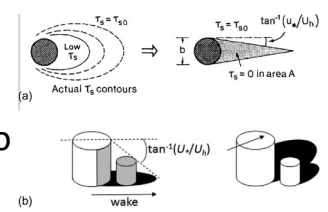
- GEFSv13 Development well underway.
- Early results show good agreement and on average no negative impacts on meteorology from inclusion of prognostic aerosols in weeks 1 -2
- Some negative impacts in weeks 3-4 but GEFSv13 prototype is better than the current operational GEFSv12



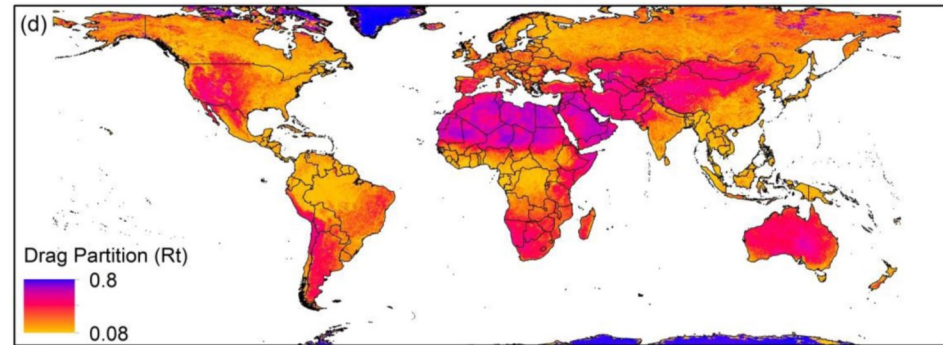
# Fengsha - Updates (in a nutshell)

$$F = \alpha A \frac{\rho a}{g} (Ru_*^3) \left(1 - \frac{u_{*t}^2}{u_*^2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{u_{*t}^2}{u_*^2}\right)$$

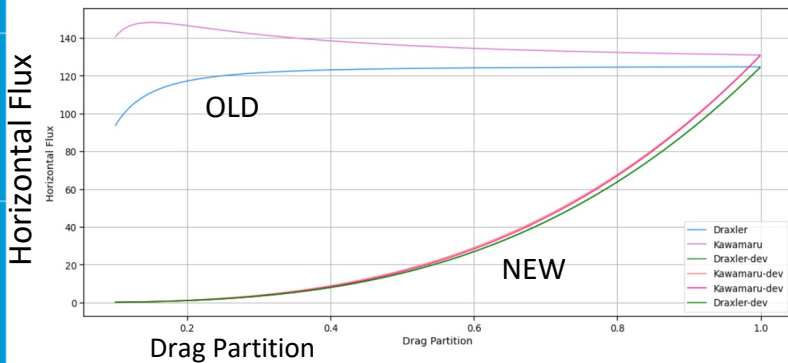
Area, Density, Friction Velocity, Threshold Velocity, Gravity, Drag Partition, Vertical To Horizontal Flux Ratio.



Update the drag partition to Chappel and Webb 2016



[Webb et al. 2020](#)



Data driven dry threshold velocity

