EARLINET, the ACTRIS aerosol vertical profiling component

L. Mona* and the EARLINET team

*CNR-IMAA, Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche, Istituto di Metodologie per l'Analisi Ambientale ITALY





OUTLINE

- ✓ What is EARLINET
- ✓ Which measurements performs
- ✓ Which products are now available
- ✓ Examples of integrated studies with models
 - Extinction Dust profiles evaluation
 - Concentration Dust profiles evaluation
 - Attenuated Backscatter NRT assimilation
- ✓ Future perspectives





EARLINET (European Aerosol Research Lldar NETwork)



www.earlinet.org

- since 2000
- 27 lidar stations

-17 multiwavelength Raman lidar stations

- -6 Raman lidar stations
- 4 single backscatter lidar stations
- comprehensive, quantitative, and statistically significant data base
- Continental and long-term scale



EARLINET

EARLINET started in 2000 under FP5 based on research aerosol lidar stations already available around Europe.

- Different lidar set-ups and software analysis around the network.
- Main strength of the network: sharing the single station knowhow for a continuous improvement of the network as a whole and acting as a single body.

EARLINET pillars:

- ✓ Quality assurance
- ✓ Optimization of the instruments
- ✓ Optimization of the data processing
- Centralized measurements scheduling







EARLINET

Quality assurance of the instruments

- ✓ Routine quality checks of the system
- ✓ Side-by-side intercomparison with reference instruments

Quality assurance of the algorithms

- ✓ Comparison of algorithms available within the network
- ✓ Best-practices
- ✓ Implementation into a common automated processing algorithm: SCC Single Calculus Chain

Common database

- ✓ Netcdf format
- Post processing quality check of the products (manual)
- ✓ First volumes of data published on CERA database –CF compliant







EARLINET measurements

Climatological schedule

Measurements are performed almost simultaneously at all EARLINET stations on a fixed time schedule:

- Monday, 14:00 LST ± 1 hour (daytime measurement)
- Monday & Thursday at sunset -2h +3h (night-time meas.)







EARLINET measurements Saharan dust

Longer run of measurements are triggered by alerts based on operational outputs of the DREAM (Dust REgional Atmospheric Model), and the Skiron models distributed to all EARLINET stations by the NTUA (National Technical University of Athens) group.

Volcanic eruptions

Measurements based on alerting system.

Monitored eruptions:

North Pacific ring (2008-2010), Etna 2001 /Etna 2002, Eyjafjallajökull 2010, Grimsvotn 2011, Nabro 2011

Relational database about identified volcanic layers is freely available at:

www.earlinet.org Pappalardo et al., ACP 2013







EARLINET measurements

Correlative measurements

- CALIPSO Measurements performed following a devoted measurement strategy realized and optimised by the CNR-IMAA group
- Measurement campaigns
- **ICARTT**
- SAMUM-2
- **ACTRIS summer 2012**





EARLINET products

Lidar Range Corrected Signal:

almost raw signal unless background subtraction and multipled by range²

provides rapid snapshot of temporal - vertical evolution of aerosol layers



Etna 2002 Volcanic eruption – Potenza, Southern Italy

Pappalardo et al., GRL, 2004, Villani et al., JGR 2006, Wang et al., Atm. Env. 2008





EARLINET products

EARLINET standard products :

-Aerosol backscatter coefficient

(355, 532 and 1064 nm) -Aerosol extinction coefficient (355 and 532nm)

-Linear particle depolarization ratio

(355 and 532 nm)

-Lidar Ratio

(355 and 532 nm)

-Angstrom exponent

(355 and 532nm)

These quantities are reported in the EARLINET database in the netcdf standardized format.

These are important for the aerosol typing because do not depend on aerosol quantity.

(355 -532 nm , 532-1064 nm)

-Backscatter related Angstrom exponent

Quantities are reported together with their errors.





EARLINET products

Potenza, Italy, (40.60°N, 15.73°E), 05 July 2012, 19:43- 21:31 UTC





7th ICAP meeting, Barcelona, 16-19 June 2015

ACTRIS

EARLINET vs BSCDREAM-8b 12-year one site Extinction systematic comparison

Geographical coverage: Potenza (Italy) (the largest database of dust profiles)

Temporal coverage:May 2000 – June 2012

Compared parameters: dust layer geometrical properties & dust extinction coefficient

Issue: Saharan dust layers have to be identified in the lidar profiles

Mona et al. ACP 2014





EARLINET vs BSCDREAM-8b

12-year one site **Extinction** systematic comparison

Geometrical features of dust layer are well described by the model in terms of center of mass.



profiles apart from cases with low dust load (AOD <0.1)





EARLINET vs BSCDREAM-8b

12-year one site Extinction systematic comparison



Angstrom exponent @ 532/355 nm

All these aspects indicate that the level of agreement decreases with increasing of mixing/modification processes.



7th ICAP meeting, Barcelona, 16-19 June 2015

in extinction

EARLINET vs models Concentration comparison

- Geographical coverage: 10 stations (4 Iberia, 2 Italy, 2 Greece, 1 Germany, 1 Poland)
- Temporal coverage:50 cases
- Models:BSC-DREAM8bv2, NMMB/BSC-DUST,
DREAMABOL, DREAM8-NMME-MACC
- Compared parameters: dust layer geometrical properties & dust concentration
- Issue: Concentration from LIRIC algorithm (lidar +sunphotometer) under assumption fine (sphere) coarse (spheroid randomly oriented)
 - Binietoglou et al. AMT 2015 on review





EARLINET vs models

Concentration comparison



Good correlation on average between the obs and mod CoM apart from cases of very high modelled CoM

Binietoglou et al. AMT 2015 - on review





EARLINET vs models

Concentration comparison



Typically an underestimation of modeled concentration is observed.

Shape of profile on average well reconstructed.

Different models have different behaviors for small /high concentration.

Binietoglou et al. AMT 2015 - on review





Geographical coverage: 11stations (4 Iberia, 1 France, 1 Swit., 2 Italy, 1 Greece, 1 Cyprus, 1 Romania)

Temporal coverage:72h – 9-12 July 2012

Provided data: P*z^2

Issue: for the first time SCC was used by many stations for preprocessing data in real time.

Sicard et al., AMTD 2015 in press







Duration per recorded file: 60 min. Raw temporal resolution: a number that 30 min. should be a multiple of in order to guarantee a minimum integration time of 30 min. for all systems.

Range resolution: the system raw resolution.

No cloud screening is performed by the stations. Instead, each station is responsible for providing information about the maximum height (m asl) up to which the profile is cloud free.

Creation of one single netcdf file of the raw signals (power) per measurement.

Upload to the SCC central server.

Sicard et al., AMTD 2015 in press





Product:

pre-processed range-square corrected signal (RCS) in netcdf format

These products were generated in a full automatic way and in real time.

At the same time the outputs were stored, an email was automatically sent to the contact point of the originating station.

This email gave a real time feedback from the SCC about the preprocessing status and revealed to be extremely useful for real time fine-tuning the SCC configuration of each individual system and of its associated products.

Sicard et al., AMTD 2015 in press











Range corrected signals were assimilated in the Eulerian chemistry transport model POLAIR3D (Sartelet et al., 2007) of the air quality platform POLYPHEMUS (Mallet et al., 2007).

Their findings :

> a horizontal correlation length of 100 km
> an assimilation altitude range of 1 – 3.5 km and an assimilation period length of 12 hours give the best scores for PM10 and PM2.5.
> the temporal impact of assimilating lidar signals is longer than 36 hours after the assimilation period.

Wang et al., ACP 2014





The way forward

✓ EARLINET technically ready for provision of RCS in NRT

 ✓ Some datasets available for assimilation/evaluation from the past

✓ new EARLINET data products will be developed and included into the database

✓ Adding depolarization to SCC is in progress.

 ✓ Advanced products suitable for models evaluations will be implemented during ACTRIS2

✓Combined studies with aerosol models are planned within ACTRIS2







Thank you!

lucia.mona@imaa.cnr.it

www.earlinet.org



